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# WORKERS' REACTION TO KPA SUPREME COMMAND'S ORDER

[Editorial report] SK112323 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean at 0708 GMT on 10 February carries a 9-minute report on the reaction to the KPA supreme command's order by workers at the west Pyongyang locomotive unit and the Taesong cooperative farm in Pyongyang. The announcer beging the report with the recorded voice of Kim Chu-yong, chief of the machine section of the west Pyongyang locomotive unit, who says that "upon receiving the KPA supreme command's information, we transportation workers at the west Pyongyang locomotive unit are unanimously filled with surging hatred for the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique."

Kim Chu-yong says: "The U.S. imperialists are now frantically scheming to extricate themselves from a crisis and this scheme has now reached its climax. In particular, the current team spirit '83 joint military exercise of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique is intensifying the situation on the Korean Peninsula and is leading the situation there to the brink of war. Because of this, a touch-and-go situation, in which a war may break out at any time, prevails in our country today."

He goes on to say: "If the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique ignite a war of aggression without fail, we will rush to the sacred battle for the party, the leader, the fatherland and the people and smash the enemies, leaving none alive, like the anti-Japanese fighters who, in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, fought to the end with the revolutionary (?determination) that there is not even a right to die until comrade commander's order has been implemented."

He continues: "The prevailing situation demands that we should live and work, assuming a more tense, mobilized and militant posture than ever before. We transportation workers, who have always vigorously advanced at the head of the transportation front, are filled with the burning determination to organize and develop all work, including transportation work, in a revolutionary and militant manner as required by the semi-war state, upholding the order of the respected and beloved comrade supreme commander."

He then vows to fulfill the transportation quota for the first quarter, saying that "we will effect a new turn in transportation work in the spirit and the militant vigor with which transportation workers ensured, without fail, the transportation of war supplies in the grave days of the past fatherland liberation war by demonstrating an incomparable spirit of sacrifice."

The announcer then continues the report with the recorded voice of a female worker at the Taesong cooperative farm in Pyongyang who says, "We the members of the Taesong cooperative farm cannot repress our burning hatred for and indignation against the U.S. imperialists.

Denouncing the team spirit exercise, she then says: "This war exercise racket is an escalation of the criminal schemes for aggression against our republic and is an open expression of the hostile attitude toward the Korean people. It is also an open aggressive provocation that leads the situation to the brink of war. The U.S. imperialists, however, must know [words indistinct]."

She continues: "Our people are a heroic people who defeated the (?one time) strong U.S. imperialists by firmly rallying around the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the ever-victorious and iron-willed commander and the great military strategist, and the KWP. The U.S. imperialists are precisely those who suffered a miserable defeat from our people in the past Korean War. The rascals should learn a lesson from this and act discreetly."

She concludes her remarks by saying: "We the members of the Taesong cooperative farm will accelerate our work in the same spirit with which our farm workers ensured the wartime grain production in the past fatherland liberation war and complete farm preparations by mid-February. Thus, we will actively contribute to more firmly increasing the might of our fatherland by effecting a bumper harvest again this year."

CSO: 4110/029

## KIM IL-SONG UNIVERSITY STUDENTS HOLD RALLY

[Editorial report] SK140344 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0100 GMT on 13 February carries a 21-minute report on the rally of the teachers and students of the Korean language and literature department of Kim Il-song University held on 8 February to "thoroughly take a militant, mobilized posture to comply with the demands of a semi-war state, upholding the order of the respected comrade supreme commander."

In a brief introduction to the rally, the announcer describes the meeting site and cites slogans displayed there denouncing the team spirit '83 joint military exercises.

The radio continues with a recorded report by Cho Won-pok, secretary of the primary party committee of the university.

Noting that all teachers and students of the university, having received the order of the supreme commander, "are overflowing with firm resolve to rise as one man in a sacred struggle to sternly crush the enemies, even at this moment at the risk of our lives, if the party and the leader call us," the speaker denounces the military exercises as "a vicious challenge to our republic and a naked hostile act against our people."

Saying that "we will by no means allow the U.S. imperialists to invade the land of the fatherland," the reporter says, "it is our people's firm will and stern decision to counter the enemies' retaliation with retaliation and to respond to a total war with a total war."

Noting that, "if the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique dare ignite the flames of a new war despite our repeated warnings, our people will mete out a stern punishment to the aggressors as we did in the fatherland liberation war in the past," the reporter says the enemies will suffer "an annihilating blow" without fail.

Urging the teachers and students of the university to tenaciously defend and protect the great leader and glorious party center deeply cherishing their pride as teachers and students of the Kim Il-song University where "the historic relics of the glorious party center are preserved," the reporter stresses that a new revolutionary turning point will be registered in educational programs and in study work as will a more vigorous struggle to "expedite the sacred cause of the fatherland's reunification."

The radio goes on to carry a recorded speech by Pak Chae-yok, senior lecturer in the language department. The speaker pledges to provide a "wartime educational system" and to complete "material preparations for wartime education." The speaker emphatically vows to "defend and protect the great leader and glorious party center politically and ideologically at the risk of life, dashing to the site of the decisive war to crush the U.S. imperialist enemies, replacing the open with weapons if necessary."

The radio adds a recorded speech by Yo Tong-il, teacher in the classic literature department. Noting the supreme commander's order to enter a semi-war state as a "just self-defense measure" to counter the war provocation maneuvers of "the U.S. imperialists" reflecting the firm will and position of all Korean people to defend the great leader and "glorious party center," the speaker sternly protests and denounces "the military provocation maneuvers" as "reckless acts."

The radio goes on to carry a recorded speech by student Pae Kyong-son. The speaker, like other speakers, stresses "defending and protecting the great leader and glorious party center at the risk of life," and expresses a stern resolve to "sternly punish the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy, and the Chon Tu-hwan clique." Branding the team spirit '83 joint military exercises as a "test war and preliminary war to perpetrate aggression on our fatherland," the speaker says, "our people will mete out a stern punishment and retaliate against the rascals hundreds and thousands of times, if they recklessly provoke us."

The radio goes on to carry a final recorded speech by Kang Yong-kuk, a student. Stressing that the defense and sovereignty of a nation is a sacred mission of an independent country, the speaker says, "we will not allow any enemy to violate our national sovereignty."

At the end of the report, the announcer says that a resolution was adopted denouncing "Nakasone's South Korean junket and the military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea."

CSO: 4110/029

# RPR DECLARATION ON ANTI-U.S. STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE

SK141228 (Clandestine) Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification in Korean to South Korea 0300 GMT 9 Feb 83]

[Text] [Begin announcer's introduction] Hello, everybody, how are you?

The standing committee of the RPR Central Committee held a meeting on 5 February in Seoul and discussed the party's programs for activities in connection with the prevailing situation.

After analyzing the grave situation generated by the U.S. imperialists, who are further intensifying their fascist colonial rule while viciously scheming to provoke a war, the meeting adopted a resolution reflecting the all-out targets facing the party.

The resolution stressed that it is an all-out target for struggle facing the RPR to carry out the anti-U.S. national liberation revolution under the loftily raised banner of independence.

The standing committee of the RPR Central Committee decided to draft and publicize RPR Central Committee documents that clearly state the directions for activities to be carried by party organizations of all levels and the correct directions for struggle for all the party members and masses of all walks of life for the implementation of the all-out targets facing the party—the declaration for the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and slogans for anti-U.S. struggle for independence.

Now in this hour, we are going to present to you the declaration for anti-U.S. struggle for independence and the slogans for anti-U.S. struggle for independence which the RPR Central Committee issued in conformity with this resolution on 8 February. [End announcer's introduction]

[Second announcer begins reading "declaration"] A signal fire of anti-U.S. independence has been raised in South Korea, a colony which remains a tragically isolated land in the 20th century of human history.

"Is the United States a friendly nation?, "Yankee, go home!", "We denounce U.S. neo-colonialism." Along with such anti-U.S. slogans chastising the U.S. imperialists, the aggressors, the accursed American cultural centers were set ablaze and the blood-stained stars and stripes were burned up.

At long last, our people who have been oppressed and slaughtered by the colonial fascist tyrannical rule resolutely began to follow the road of national independence, exploding their anti-U.S. sentiment. Who dares to thwart the will of our popular masses, who have chosen not the road of the subservient, slave-like obedience or the road of the pro-U.S. national ruin but the road of brave resistence and of anti-U.S. patriotism and who are aspiring to regain independent national rights?

Neither fascist suppression resorting to bayonets nor deceptive anticommunist craziness will be able to keep the burning resistance of the people in check. Neither prison nor the gallows will be able to put down the burning anti-U.S. flames of resistance.

This historic stirring of the popular masses which opened a new chapter of the anti-U.S. resistance is an expression of a great national disenchantment and a natural outcome of the brutal colonial ruling system.

Ever since the U.S. imperialists—the chieftains of the modern colonialists—occupied this land, how many disgusting days of domination and subjugation have elapsed and how much repression and hunger have been forced on our people?

The hateful U.S. imperialists, who forgetting the historical lesson taught by the defeat of the brigandish Japanese imperialists, have run riot to insure their colony and to achieve their ambition of dominating the world, trampled upon the fervent aspiration for national independence with their fetters of aggression, keeping South Korea as their armory in Far East and as an overseas territory for nearly 40 years.

Annexing South Korea to the United States, the U.S. imperialist have established a most wicked and most ignominous ruling system by combining their direct military occupation and indirect rule through the puppet regime and by combining [word indistinct] of the old colonialism and the wily character of new colonialism. This is a colonial ruling system through which the on-the-spot ruling organizations, such as the U.S. Embassy in South Korea and the U.S. forces command in South Korea, exercise their influence in the political, military, economic and cultural fields by lording over the puppet regime. It is also a fascist ruling system based on terrorism which mercilessly eradicates and obliterates the popular masses' independent and democratic aspirations and demands.

The president in colonial South Korea is not chosen by public opinion but is decided by the will of the U.S. dominators, and even the prerogative of supreme command of the South Korean armed forces is in the hands of the U.S. commander in South Korea. The president is simply a native puppet who is executing the U.S. imperialists' policy of colonization and subjugation and their policy of turning South Korea into a military base, and the name "The Republic of Korea" [Taehan Minguk] is only a false billboard designed to camouflage the U.S. colonial rule.

The U.S. imperialist colonial rule of South Korea is, in essence, military domination. The military rule of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists takes

the policy of colonizing and subjugating South Korea as its basis. The U.S. imperialists have been subordinating everything to implementing the policy of turning South Korea into a colony and a military base, and they have turned South Korea into Far East nuclear armory and a war powder magazine for the purpose of achieving their ambition of dominating the world.

In South Korea, the large air, ground and naval forces and nuclear weapons are being increased without interruption, with the U.S. ground troops stationed in South Korea as the main axis, large-scale war exercises and nuclear attack exercises are frequently being staged with the participation of the United States, Japan and South Korea, and human and material resources are totally being commandeered and wasted.

What the U.S. imperialists are trying to achieve with their military strategy toward South Korea is the annexation by the United States of all of the Korean Peninsula. Following the wicked strategic goals of the U.S. imperialists, a route for reinvading South Korea has been opened for the revived and rearmed Japanese militarists, the maneuvers to form a criminal tripartite military alliance, linking it to the U.S.-Japan security treaty, South Korea-U.S. mutual defense treaty and South Korea-Japan treaty, have entered a stage of near completion, and the danger of a war of northward invasion being triggered has come into view.

Under the U.S. imperialists' colonial rule, national humiliation, inhuman oppression, starvation and poverty have reached their extreme. The tribulation-filled land of South Korea has been turned into a human limbo where neither the people of the nation nor the popular masses can survive, and the nation's resentment fills the whole land.

Here in this land where the poisoned yankee bayonets glitter, where is the independent politics that is enforced for our people and our nation?

Our people, who have longed to obtain our own independence by our own strength and to steer our own fate independently, have been despoiled of their rights of self-determination, which they valued more than their lives, and robbed of their national dignity and pride.

The only thing that colonial South Korea excels in is facism, while the things that are tragically trampled upon are freedom and democracy. The people are wriggling in the devastated graveyard of civil and democratic rights. As the self-reliant ways are totally blocked, the national economy has gone bankrupt and the livelihood of the people is completely engulfed by an abyss of hardship.

The boisterously touted economic development and high growth, while they have fattened the U.S. monopoly capitalists and a few comprador capitalists, have generated millions of unemployed and thousands and thousands of those who have left the farms, bringing about in South Korea the worst situation in which millions and millions of tons of foreign rice are imported and the whole populace is burdened with foreign debts of an astronomical figure, amounting to nearly \$400 billion.

While the U.S. monopoly capitalists are amassing a fortune by exchanging our people's blood and sweat for dollars, our popular masses are dying underserved deaths, unable to stand the soaring prices, ever-increasing unemployment, rampant disease and starvation.

The pro-U.S. toadyism that is fostered and encouraged under the veil of such words as "friendship" and "amity" is doggedly gnawing at the people's independence-mindedness and the prevailing decadent yankee culture is choking off and obliterating the national culture which once displayed its brilliance and the good customs traditionally inherited from our ancestors.

Not only is the fate of colonial slaves forced on our people, but also a people who have suffered from separation from the rest of the homogeneous race because of the outside forces and from the heartbreak of national division have been placed in grave circumstances, terrified at the thought of the danger of the nuclear war and never knowing when they will fall victims to nuclear war.

Have our people, who have inherited a long history of nearly 5,000 years, ever been afflicted with such misery combined with shame, sufferings and tragedy as today?

This lamentable reality of today in which the national fate is tragically trampled upon is indeed the greatest calamity whose equal we are unable to find in the nation's annals; it is one which has been created by the yankee aggressors and is, indeed, a tragedy of national ruin, unprecedented in our national history.

It is inevitable that repression and plunder always generate opposition and struggle. Our people, never obeying in silence the tyranny of power, have always stood up from oppression and starvation and fought for decent a human life, freedom and liberation, defying death. On the road of this arduous and glorious struggle, they shattered Syngman Rhee's dictatorial citadel and led the Pak dictatorship to its destruction, while the citizens and students in Kwangju displayed the national wisdom and brave spirit through a large-scale armed resistance struggle.

The U.S. imperialists, however, have ruthlessly slaughtered our people and submerged our land into blood whenever they found their ruling system in South Korea shaken from the bottom by the people's stubborn resistance.

It is none other than the U.S. imperialists who crushed the green dream of 19 April with the bloody bayonets of the 16 May military coup d'etat. How can we forget even for a moment the fact that is none other than the yankee aggressors who have established the Chon Tu-hwan military dictatorship on the tragic sea of blood after cruelly putting down the righteous Kwangju uprising with tanks and cannons?

Even at this moment our people are grinding their teeth and can hardly suppress the surging indignation at the yankees who, in an effort to maintain their fettered colonial kingdom, cruelly massacred thousands of the Kwangju citizens who joined in the sacred resistance of struggle for national salvation.

Even at this hour, hot-blooded youths and patriotic masses of all walks of life who value the nation and people more than their lives are shedding their warm blood in the streets of the resistance struggle because of the yankee bayonets and are being led en masse to prisons and the gallows.

Indeed, the yankee imperialists' occupation of South Korea and their colonial ruling system are direct reflection of all the discrepancies and evils of our soceity and are a source of all the misfortunes and calamities our people are suffering.

Unless we expel the yankee imperialists—the cursed aggressors, plunders, oppressors and our people's sworn enemies—and unless we eliminate their colonial rule, we cannot attain our aspiration for independence and democracy, cannot free ourselves from the tragedy of division and cannot avoid the holocaust of nuclear war. This is a severe lesson we have learned from the struggle that our masses have persistently waged for nearly 40 years, sweeping aside all trials of the bestial colonial fascist rule. We must correctly define the direction of pioneering the destiny and the road of struggle by drawing a lesson from today's miserable situation of subjugation and from the history of bloody struggle.

The grave situation of colonial South Korea demands that we advance on the road of national independence by upholding the anti-U.S. slogans. The anti-U.S. cause for independence is indispensable and inevitable considering the basic relations between the United States and South Korea as Suzerain state and colony and the experiences in the historic struggle.

The road for national liberation, which will enable us to brilliantly resolve the question of national destiny not repeating the history of painful ordeals, lies in the anti-U.S. cause for independence and is the shortcut to democracy and reunification. The anti-U.S. cause for independence is the basic factor for achieving the masses' aspiration for genuine liberation and independence and democracy and reunification by putting an end to the disgraceful history of a subordinate South Korea, which only serves the prosperity of the United States of America. It is the unique line firmly guaranteeing a national renaissance and national prosperity.

The anti-U.S. movement for independence is a national aspiration and is a demonstration of the national will for salvation. Today, our people desire independence, opposing oppression and subjugation. We want to enjoy happy lives in the one, unified country for many generations.

The anti-U.S. movement for independence, which reflects our people's consistent desire and aspiration, is a just struggle to cut the chains of the U.S. imperialists' domination and subjugation and to achieve genuine freedom and liberation. It is a patriotic and sacred battle to expedite the brilliant future of the reunified fatherland by attaining the unity of the people's will.

Our RPR solemnly declares that it will fulfill its mission assigned by history and by the people on the sacred road to achieve the anti-U.S. cause for independence by assuming it as its general target of struggle.

Independence is the life of the nation and the people. A nation whose independence is being trampled underfoot is the same as dead. Every nation has the right to lead a dignified life, pioneering its destiny with its own strength in accordance with its international (?position and role). This is sacred and inviolable and is an absolute condition for national (?survival).

Our masses must recover our national independence, which was taken by the yankee aggressors, and our violated national dignity. We should not tolerate the U.S. imperialists who invaded our land, who plundered our property and who masscred our people. All the masses should rise in the struggle to drive out the yankee aggressors from this land, consolidating the anti-U.S. will for national salvation, and should sternly eradicate the U.S. imperialists' colonial rule, which is stained with national indignation and grudges.

The basic issue in our patriotic struggle for independence is the question of power. A nation's right to independent is intensively expressed in its sovereignty.

Only when we have an independent government that implements politics that embrace the national aspiration and demand for independence, can our masses consolidate and develop the victory won in the anti-U.S. struggle for liberation, can they glorify national dignity and honor, can they enjoy free happy lives and can they firmly preserve the national right for self-determination, rejecting the interference of imperialists and colonialists.

What our masses will gain from the anti-U.S. movement for independence is an independent government established on the grave of colonial rule and what our masses will loose are the chains of oppression and the disgrace of subjugation. The masses form all walks of life must eradicate the cursed U.S. imperialists' colonial rule and establish a people's independent government on its ruin. Thus, they should conform the various forms of anti-U.S. struggle to this line.

The anti-fascist struggle for democracy is a task that our masses should consistently carry out along with the anti-U.S. struggle for independence. The anti-fascist struggle for democracy weakens the U.S. imperialists' colonial rule and promotes the anti-U.S. movement for independence. The masses from all walks of life, who are pursuing independence and democracy, should courageously wage the anti-U.S. national salvation struggle under the slogan of independence and, at the same time, should persistently carry out the struggle for democracy to eliminate all the fascist, oppressive organizations and all the fascist evil laws and to mop up the puppet fascist government, a tool of the U.S. imperialists' colonial rule.

It is a supreme national task to urgently the divided fatherland and is an urgent demand for the present time, when the danger of permanent division is increasing. Our masses cannot live without reunification, therefore, we must achieve the reunification of the fatherland by struggle. All the masses should crush the U.S. imperialists' two-Korea strategy, full realizing that permanent division would bring about national destruction while the fatherland's reunification would bring about prosperity and a bright future for the fatherland.

Thus, we should courageously carry out the sacred reunification battle to form the independent and neutral democratic confederal republic, leaving the present systems in the north and south as they are. We should link the divided parts of the fatherland expediting the glorious days when countrymen of the north and south can live happily in the unified three-thousand Ri land.

The national salvation struggle for independence and democracy is a difficult and arduous resistance struggle, because our basic opponents are the peerlessly atrocious and cunning U.S. imperialists. There is no instance in the history of all countries of foreign aggressive, occupation forces withdrawing by themselves or granting independence, thereby abandoning their position as ruler. It is the unique habit and behavior of imperialist aggressors to run amok to preserve their ruling position even by cruelly massacring the oppressed, weak nation and even by reducing the occupied land to ashes.

No one should expect the yankee imperialists—the ringleader of the modern imperialists and the incarnation of aggression and war—to smoothly withdraw from South Korea, an important strategic point.

The key to fostering strength in the anti-U.S. national salvation struggle is unity. The invincibility of the masses and the key to victory lie in unity.

It is a truth proven by history that, when the masses from all walks of life wage a joint struggle in firm unity, they can crush any interference by the imperialists. The only way for the masses of all strata to unite as one is to form a national democratic front.

It is time for all the masses and figures from various political parties, various factions and all walks of life who live the nation and are concerned about the future of the people to turn out in the struggle to reform the pro-U.S. South Korea into an anti-U.S. South Korea by combining their strength.

Those who think that we cannot live without U.S. assistance and protection should wake up from their pro-U.S. dream, recovering the essential national spirit and position, and should join in the grand advance to the anti-U.S. cause for independence.

All patriotic parties, public organizations, the masses from all walks of life and individuals should form a national democratic front, transcending the differences in ideologies and ideas, political views and religions, and should wage a nationwide anti-U.S. joint struggle in firm unity.

The present era is the era of independence. The oppressed people and disregarded masses of the past are now vigorously turning the wheel of history forward after emerging as the masters of the world. The bell of independence is ringing in every part of the world, tolling the end of the stronghold of imperialism and colonialism.

The yankee imperialists are confused before the strong turn toward independence and are crying in distress. The U.S. imperialists are frightened facing the anti-U.S. resistance struggle in South Korea, which was thought to be the only place without anti-U.S. sentiment.

The downfall of the U.S. imperialists is inevitable. No force in the world can stem the tide of the anti-U.S. struggle for independence.

Our anti-U.S. cause for independence is the revolutionary banner of the era of independence and is advancing under the banner of the Chuche idea, the great and permanent guiding (?line) for mankind. Thus, this cause is ever-victorious and invincible. Our RPR and the masses of all strata, vigorously advancing along the single road to the revolution for national liberation under the great banner of Kim Ilsongism, will bring about the new era of independence without fail by overthrowing the colonial rule and will open up the brilliant morning of the fatherland's reunification by eliminating the dark clouds of national division. All patriotic forces should more courageously more the national liberation war against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, upholding the anti-U.S. flag for independence. Death to the yankee aggressors! Long live the anti-U.S. cause for independence.

[Signed] 8 February 1983, the RPR Central Committee, Seoul

CSO: 4110/029

RPR ANTI-U.S., ANTIGOVERNMENT SLOGANS

SK141329 (Clandestine) Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification in Korean to South Korea 0300 GMT 9 Feb 83

[Slogans for the anti-U.S. struggle for independence, issued by the RPR Central Committee on 8 February]

[Text] 1) Let us achieve anti-U.S. independence; 2) Let us reject the U.S. policy for placing us under its control and achieve the independence of South Korea; 3) Let us reject foreign forces and achieve independence; 4) Let us end U.S. colonial rule and achieve independence; 5) Is the United States our ally? The yankees must withdraw; 6) We oppose foreign interference; 7) The United States must take its hand off South Korea; 8) Let us smash the aggressive maneuvers of the Japanese militarists; 9) The United States must take off 10) We reject U.S. political domination and interference: 11) The United States must not interfere in the internal affairs of South Korea; 12) The United States must not support the fascist Chon Tu-hwan regime; 13) Japan must not support the fascist Chon Tu-hwan regime; 14) Banish the U.S. Embassy in South Korea; 15) Repeal the South Korea-U.S. status-of-forces agreement; 16) Let us achieve our sovereignty through the anti-U.S. struggle; 17) Let us smash U.S. economic encroachment; 18) Let us oppose a subservient economy and build an independnet economy; 19) Let us reject U.S. aid--something which offers medicine after giving a disease; 20) Let us banish the U.S. Agency for International Development in South Korea; 21) Repeal the South Korea-U.S. agreement for economic and technical aid; 22) Let us reject the introduction of foreign funds--something which fattens compradore capitalists; 23) We denounce tyranny by foreign capital; 24) Let us banish U.S. monopolist capitalists which extract the blood and sweat of all people; 25) We oppose the import of U.S. surplus agricultural products harassing farmers; 26) Let us regain the farmland confiscated for U.S. military use; 27) Do not despise and humiliate the South Korean people; 28) Let us take revenge on the barbarous acts committed by U.S. forces hundred-fold, a thousand fold; 29) Let us root out toadyism and achieve the independence of the people; 30) Let us reject the toadyism of revering the United States; 31) Let us gouge out the eyes of the blind pro-U.S. press through the anti-U.S. struggle; 32) Let us eliminate yankee culture and restore national culture; 33) Let us mop up Western style and Japanese fashion and protect our virtuous custom; 34) Let us banish the U.S. cultural center -- the disseminator of the ideology of revering the United States; 35) The U.S. forces must withdraw; 36) We oppose the presence of U.S. forces in South Korea; 37) The United States must transfer the prerogative of the

supreme command of the South Korean armed forces; 38) Dismantle the South Korea-U.S. combined forces command; 39) Dismantle U.S. military bases; 40) Let us all indignantly rise in the struggle to achieve national liberation under the banner of anti-U.S. independence; 41) The people of all walks life must all rally under the banner of anti-U.S. independence; 42) Let us form a broad national front for reunification and wage a pan-national anti-U.S., national salvation struggle; 43) Set fire to the U.S. imperialists' den of aggression; Tear up the blood-stained stars and stripes; 45) Turn the gun muzzle aimed at fellow countrymen to the U.S. rascals; 46) Let us resolutely rise in the sacred anti-U.S. national salvation struggle with the spirit displayed in the Kwangju struggle; 47) Long live to the anti-U.S., national liberation revolution; 48) Let us oppose fascism and achieve democracy; 49) Let us overthrow the fascist dictatorial regime and establish a democratic regime; 50) Let us bury the treacherous Chon Tu-hwan regime; 51) Let us banish the treacherous fascist group and achieve the democratization of society; 52) Let us execute Chon Tu-hwan--a murderous devil; 53) Let us mutilate to death Chon Tu-hwan-the ringleader of the mass massacre in Kwangju; 54) Let us not forget the rancor of Kwangju and pay back the cost of blood shed in Kwangju; 55) Dismantle the army security command and the agency for national security planning--the head temple of the violation of human rights; 56) Repeal the national security law; 57) Stop taking all fascist suppressive measures; 58) Guarantee the people's democratic rights and their human rights; 59) Guanrantee the freedom of the formation and activities of democratic parties and organizations; 60) Guarantee the freedom of press, publication, assembly, organization and demonstration; 61) The press must not become the spokesman of the fascist regime; Guarantee freedom of political activities for Kim Tae-chung; 63) Let us win back through our struggle occupational reinstatement, the restoration of rights and reinstatement on the campus; 64) Unconditionally release all political prisoners and prisoners of conscience; 65) The opposition parties must not become hand maidens of Chon Tu-hwan; 66) We denounce the Chon Tu-whan ring's splittist maneuvers; 67) We oppose maneuvers to turn campuses into ones plagued by fascists; 68) Let us kick fascist suppression and dash to the plaza of democracy; 69) Let us win back true democracy through our struggle; 70) Let us crush the fascist force through a joint struggle and through our joint efforts; 71) Let us banish the U.S. aggressors and reunify the fatherland; Let us eliminate foreign forces and achieve independent reunification; Division is the way to subservience and national ruin, and reunification is the way to independence and prosperity; 74) Let us smash the U.S. maneuvers to fabricate two Koreas; 75) Japan must not participate in the U.S. conspiratorial plot to fabricate two Koreas; 76) We resolutely oppose cross-recognition and simultaneous admission into the United Nations--something which is aimed at perpetuating national division; 77) The United States must not hinder the reunification of our country; 78) We denounce the Chon Tu-hwan's ring's maneuvers to divide the people; 79) Let us achieve reunification under the banner of independence, peace and grand national unity; 80) Let us achieve the fatherland's reunification by founding the democratic confederal Republic of Koryo; 81) Let us reject north-south confrontation and achieve national unity; 82) Let us smash anticommunist maneuvers--something which fans the sentiment of north-south confrontation; 83) Let us open the door of reunification through the people's united effort; 84) Let us achieve grand national unity under the banner of the fatherland's reunification; 85) Long life to the the fatherland's reunification;

86) Let us smash the U.S. maneuvers to provoke a new war; 87) We do not want a second Korean War; 88) South Korea is not the U.S. defense line; 89) The United States must not engulf the Korean Peninsula in the disasters of a nuclear war; 90) The United States must withdraw weapons of mass destruction.... [passage indistinct] 93) Let us prevent U.S.-Japan-South Korea military collusion; 94) Let us smash the maneuvers to fabricate the tripartite U.S.-Japan-South Korea military alliance; 95) Let us frustrate Japan's maneuvers for military invasion of Korea; 96) Let us reject the \$4 billion military aid; 97) Japan is coming again. Let us achieve patriotism through the anti-Japanese struggle; 98) Let us not be deceived by the theory on southward invasion and oppose war rackets; 99) Let us frustrate the U.S.-Japan-South Korea attempts to invade the north; 100) Let us reject internecine military exercises; 101) Prevent military exercises on farmfields and fishing grounds; 102) The United States must not use South Korean youths as tools of war; 103) Let us convert the Korean Peninsula into non-nuclear zone of peace; 104) Let us oppose the introduction of weapons which will be used in an internecine war; 105) Officers and men of the armed forces must not become U.S. bullet shields.

[Signed] The Central Committee of the revolutionary party for reunification Seoul, 8 February 1983

cso: 4110/029

# U.S. TRYING TO MAKE MDL 'BOUNDARY'

SK140919 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0823 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Tokyo, 11 February (KNS-KCNA)—A lecture meeting on the Korean question was held on 10 February in Tokyo under the auspices of the society of concern for the Korean question in connection with the grave situation now prevailing in Korea owing to the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists.

Lectures were given there respectively by critic Yoshihisa Kajitani, representative of the society, on the subject "the Nakasone cabinet and Japan-U.S.-South Korea military integration" and by critic Utai Fujishima on the subject "Nakasone's South Korean trip and its background."

They denounced Nakasone's recent visits to South Korea and the United States as aggressive ones aimed at hastening the remilitarization of Japan and the formation of the U.S.-Japan-South Korea tripartite military alliance.

The "Team Spirit 83" joint military exercises started by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique are a product of the U.S. imperialists' aggressive ambition for making the military demarcation line [MDL], which keeps Korea divided artificially, a "boundary" and thus perpetuating the division of Korea and pose and grave threat to peace and security in Asia, they said.

Noting in unison that for the reunification of Korea it is necessary to replace the armistice agreement by a peace agreement and force the U.S. troops out of South Korea, they strongly demanded that the U.S. imperialists give up their aggressive design and immediately withdraw from South Korea, as called for by the Korean people and the world people.

#### ZIMBABWEAN OFFICIALS DEMAND U.S. STOP TEAM SPIRIT

SK140458 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0423 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--D. Muvti, deputy general secretary of the Central Committee of the Zimbabwean African National Union, and Mdangana, deputy minister of state in the prime minister's office of the Republic of Zimbabwe, on 4 February respectively issued talks in denunciation of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique, according to a report.

The deputy general secretary of the Central Committee of the Zimbabwean African National Union said:

I am closely following the situation prevailing in Korea.

The U.S. imperialists have shipped larger quantities of nuclear and other mass destruction weapons into South Korea to step up preparations for war against the Korean people, thus rendering the situation of the Korean Peninsula more strained.

They must immediately discontinue the aggressive military exercises.

However wild they may run, the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets cannot arrest the struggle of the Korean people under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade President Kim Il-song, victory is in store only for the Korean people.

The U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are bound to meet destruction and death.

The Zimbabwean people, together with all the peace- and justice-loving world people, always stand firm on the side of the Korean people in their struggle for the independent reunification of the country.

The U.S. imperialists must withdraw their aggression forces and all the destructive weapons including nuclear weapons from South Korea and promptly stop the adventurous military exercises, as unanimously demanded by the entire Korean people and the world's peaceloving people.

The deputy minister of state in the prime minister's office of the Republic of Zimbabwe said:

To my great regret, I see that Korea, the country of our closest brothers, is in a grave situation due to the adventurous war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their stooge, the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique.

Comrade President Kim Il-song, the great leader, issued a determined order in face of the prevailing situation. This is a legitimate self-defensive measure for defending the nation's dignity.

The Korean people and armed forces will creditably defend the dignity of the nation under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade President Kim Il-song.

The Korean people are sure to win victory.

REPORTS 'TASS' CRITICISM OF SHULTZ VISIT

SK121221 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1032 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--TASS on 10 February published its news analyst's article titled "Militaristic Triangle."

Noting that the Reagan administration is persistently knocking together the military triangle of Washington-Tokyo-Seoul, it said: this was precisely one of the main aims of the Asian tour of U.S. State Secretary Shultz.

Pointing out that the questions of "U.S.-Japanese-South Korean security system" were the predominent at Shultz's talks in Seoul, it went on:

He was lavish in his promise to the South Korean rulers of the increase of arms deliveries.

The massive military exercises "team spirit 83" kept tune with Shultz's trip. But, we must know that it was by no means an accidental coincidence.

Saying that the attempts to link the bilateral military relations between Washington and Tokyo, and Washington and Seoul in a triangular alliance have been feverishly stepped up particularly after Nakasone's assumption of office as prime minister of Japan, it stressed: Tokyo agreed to undertake the role of the loan-giver to the Chon Tu-hwan dictatorial "regime" by granting a 4,000 million dollar aid to South Korea.

Washington hopes for a bigger thing, Nakasone's military cooperation with the Seoul "regime," the news agency said, and continued:

In answer to [the] Pentagon's call, the Japanese Foreign Ministry admitted the possibility of triangular military exercises and Nakasone himself at the Diet proved the intention of the Japanese military to block international straits in the Far East in "case of emergency" and did not exclude the possibility of a joint operation of the Japanese and South Korean armed forces in the Korean Strait.

It draws our attention that the U.S. scheme to frame up an alliance with Japan and South Korea is accompanied by the deployment of U.S. nuclear weapons in the far eastern military action region as it did in west Europe. New mass

destruction weapons are hurled into South Korea in a wholesale manner in addition to hundreds of nuclear weapons already deployed there.

Washington has already got an agreement of Tokyo on the problem of deploying over 50 "F 16" fighter-bombers capable of carrying nuclear weapons in Honshu and it is planned to constantly anchor at Japanese ports U.S. aircraft carriers always carrying medium-range nuclear missiles and warships of the U.S. seventh fleet.

Declaring that the purpose of the formation of a new aggressive bloc in the Far East is obvious, TASS stressed: the point is that Washington seeks to brandish its bayonet at the countries of this region.

'KCNA' CITES MOSCOW, OTHER MEDIA ON SHULTZ TRIP

SK151124 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1108 GMT 15 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)--Foreign countries recently exposed the criminal aim of the South Korean tour of U.S. Secretary of State Shultz, according to reports.

TASS 11 February said: Tour of Asian countries by Shultz was designed chiefly to strengthen the Washington-Tokyo-Seoul military alliance.

It noted: In Seoul where Shultz made generous promises for American arms shipments, the talks were reportedly dominated by questions relating to the "American-Japanese-South Korean security system." Seoul is assigned the role of an outpost in the Pentagon's aggressive designs in Asia. So the USA is increasing its military support to South Korea, supplies it with modern arms, including missiles, and keeps there American troops.

Denouncing his visits to Japan and South Korea, radio Moscow 9 February pointed out:

The United States plans to make Japan an "unsinkable aircraft carrier" in Asia carrying its nuclear weapons and South Korea, too, a springboard for its aggression.

Noting that the United States is inveigling its "allies" in its Far Eastern policy, the radio said: this is for using part of the military strength saved thus in other parts of the world, in other words, in the Indian Ocean and Middle East.

The Bulgarian paper OTECHESTVEN FRONT 8 February published a commentary, which said:

Shultz flew into South Korea at the very time when the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises, the largest ever in history, are being staged there. This clearly shows that the United States schemes to more tightly bind South Korea to its Asian political and military strategy and to frame up the U.S.-Japan-South Korea tripartite military alliance.

Another Bulgarian paper KOOPERATIVNO SELO 8 February carried a commentary.

It said: this time Shultz inspected the area along the military demarcation line. This is another provocation.

The ADN News Agency, the CTK News Agency and the Cuban papers JUVENTUD REBELDE and TRABAFAHORES published articles exposing the criminal aim of South Korean junket of Shultz.

The 9 February issue of the Algerian paper EL MOUDJAHID said that Shultz encouraged the puppets, ranting that the United States would strengthen "close ties" with South Korea and "protect" the South Korean puppet clique under whatever situation. It is a revelation of its true intention to keep hold on South Korea as a U.S. colony forever.

The Iranian paper ETTELA'AT 8 February noted that through his South Korean trip, Shultz schemed to frame up the U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance and heighten the tension in the Far East.

The Tanzanian papers DAILY NEWS and UHURU, the Zimbabwean paper HERALD, the West German paper DIE WELT, Swiss papers LA SWISS and JOURNAL DE GENEVE and mass media of various other countries of the world published articles exposing his South Korean trip.

CUBAN, GDR MEDIA CONDEMN SHULTZ VISIT TO KOREA

SK161348 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1005 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--Newspapers of socialist countries published articles flaying the South Korean tour of U.S. Secretary of State Shultz, the warlike servant of U.S. imperialism.

The Cuban paper GRANMA 9 February in an article titled "Obvious is the Aggressive Nature of South Korean Tour of Shultz" says:

His South Korean junket fully assumed aggressive nature, reminding us of Dulles who made his appearance in South Korea on the eve of the U.S. imperialists' war of aggression in Korea in 1950.

The U.S. secretary of state flew into South Korea, at a time when the joint military exercises of the United States and the South Korean puppet clique are going on to continue till mid-April.

In his talks with the South Korean puppers Shultz gave U.S. commitments to aid the pupper regime and "promised" to indefinitely guarantee the artificial division of Korea.

Following the suit of Dulles, the U.S. secretary of state inspected the demilitarized zone dividing Korea into two and incited a war fever among U.S. soldiers.

The GDR paper TRIBUNE 9 February in an article captioned "team spirit 83" writes:

The United States is seeking a dangerous war in the Korean Peninsula. During his visit Shultz gave the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique a promise of U.S. "military aid" to South Korea.

The U.S. defence department and the "White House" have been systematically aggravating the situation in the Far East in accordance with the U.S. imperialists' global strategy against the socialist countries.

#### MEETING IN JAPAN DENOUNCES TRIANGULAR ALLIANCE

SK151601 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1546 GMT 15 Feb 83

[Text] Tokyo, 12 February (KNS-KCNA)—A resolution for frustrating the moves to bring into shape a U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance and supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea was adopted at a Korea-Japan friendship meeting recently sponsored in Osaka by the Minato District, Osaka, council of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (SOHYO) and the Minato Branch, Osaka prefecture, of the General Association of Korean Presidents in Japan (Chongnyon).

Noting that the proposal to found the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo put forward at the sixth congress of the Workers' Party of Korea enjoys support not only of the Korean people but also on the international scale, the resolution says: we warmly welcome and support the proposal for the reunification of Korea which is most realistic and persuasive.

It sharply denounces a series of moves of the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese reactionaries and the South Korean puppets, as can be seen in Japanese Prime Minister Nakasone's visit to South Korea and the United States, regarding them as designed to step up the formation of a triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea, obstruct Korea's reunification, menace peace and security and aggravate tension in Asia.

We will powerfully wage in this region a struggle to support the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo and frustrate the moves to bring into shape a triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea, the resolution says in conclusion.

#### NONALIGNED AMBASSADORS DISCUSS KOREAN SITUATION

SK121120 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1101 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--An ambassadorial level plenary meeting of non-aligned countries was held at the UN headquarters in New York on 8 February, according to a report.

Discussed at the meeting were the situation in Korea which has become grimmest owing to the war exercises of the U.S. imperialists, and other questions.

At the meeting the chairman, to begin with, informed the attendants that Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a personal letter to Fidel Castro, president of the Council of State of the Republic of Cuba and chairman of the non-aligned movement, in connection with the grave situation prevailing in Korea.

Then the delegate of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea informed the meeting of the situation created in Korea.

Delegates of many countries spoke at the meeting.

Denouncing the war exercises of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique, the Nicaraguan delegate said:

The large-scale military exercises staged in Korea are a big threat to peace and security in the world.

All the member states of the non-aligned movement, abiding by its principle and purpose, should oppose and denounce such military provocations committed by the imperialists in all parts of the world.

The Benin delegate stressed: the Korean question must be solved by the Korean people themselves on the principles of independence, great national unity and peaceful reunification after the withdrawal of all foreign troops. It is one of the essential problems for the solution of the Korean question that the foreign troops withdraw from South Korea with their weapons.

The Cuban delegate strongly denounced the military provocations of the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people, saying that the massive military

exercises being staged by the U.S. warlikers on the Korean Peninsula are a big threat to peace and security in Korea and the world.

The Congolese delegate held that the national division must be terminated with the reunification of the country achieved through the unity of the north and south in accordance with the proposal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Libyan delegate denounced the military exercises now being staged by the imperialists in Korea as a provocative act against the non-aligned movement.

The Yugoslav delegate stressed that the comprehensive and final settlement of the Korean question could be possible only through a peaceful reunification of Korea, free from outside interference, on the basis of the withdrawal of the foreign troops and dismantlement of foreign military bases there.

The Malagasy delegate called for a prompt end to the military exercises of the U.S. imperialists, noting that the war exercises on the Korean Peninsula are further keying up tension in this area.

The Algerian delegate said that the non-aligned movement should pay due attention to the very grave situation created in Korea.

The delegate of democratic Yemen declared that the aggressive war exercises waged by the U.S. imperialists in Korea and Central America strip bare the aggressive nature of the U.S. Government.

The Lao delegate emphatically expressed solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for defending the independence and sovereignty of the country and frustrating the aggressive moves of the U.S. imperialists.

# NONALIGNED AMBASSADORS SPEAK ON KOREAN SITUATION

SK121555 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1500 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)—Delegates of various countries spoke at the ambassadorial level plenary meeting of non-aligned countries held at the United Nations headquarters in New York on 8 February, according to a report.

The Guyanese delegate had this to say:

The military exercise of the U.S. imperialists in Korea is a great threat to the non-aligned movement. The non-aligned movement should take an emergency step in face of this tense situation created in Korea.

The Syrian delegate said:

Syria opposes the massive war exercises of the U.S. imperialists in Korea and demands their immediate stop.

She supports the proposal for peaceful reunification made by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The non-aligned movement should support the Korean people in their struggle for detente in the Far East and the reunification of the country.

The Guinean delegate declared:

The Guinean Government has always supported and supports the Korean people's struggle for peace in the country and its peaceful reunification.

Guinea expresses full support to and solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle they are waging in connection with the grave situation created in the country.

The Ugandan delegate held that the foreign troops must be withdrawn and the foreign military base be dismantled in Korea.

The Egyptian delegate declared that its stand is the same with that of all the countries that addressed the meeting.

Saying that the peaceful reunification of Korea must be realised without foreign interference and without such threat as is posed by the present military rehearsal, the Burundi delegate urged the coordinating bureau of the non-aligned countries to force the United States to stop its war exercises.

The delegate of Grenada denounced the war exercises staged by the imperialists in Korea as a threat to peace and security of the world and an act for artificially aggravating tension.

The Gabonese delegate emphasized that the Korean question must be solved peacefully without foreign interference on the basis of the north-south joint statement published in 1972, the UN charter and the principle of nonalignment.

The Malian delegate said that Korea should be reunified in accordance with the proposal set forth by the DPRK.

The Jamaican delegate held that the question of Korea must be solved in a peaceful way, without foreign interference, in conformity with the desire of the Korean people.

The Iranian delegate said:

Today's meeting unanimously supported the struggle of the Korean people. The war exercises in Korea are a big threat to the Korean people. So, the non-aligned movement should take special political steps.

The Ethiopian delegate said: We express firm solidarity with the DPRK government and the Korean people and actively support the reunification proposal put forward by the DPRK.

The non-alignment should take a suitable measure in connection with situation created in Korea.

The Togolese delegate stressed that the Korean question must be solved by the entire Korean people of north and south themselves after the withdrawal of all foreign troops and their military bases.

The Rwandan delegate said:

We hold that every possible measure must be taken for peace and security in Korea.

Rwanda will support any step concerning this.

Delegates of many other countries spoke at the meeting.

The chairman of the meeting declared that the nonaligned movement will continue to follow the developments in Korea and take a more concrete action, if need be.

### YUGOSLAV PAPER SUPPORTS 1 FEBRUARY KPA REPORT

SK140432 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0407 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The Yugoslav paper POBJEDA carried a commentary in support of the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army, according to a report.

The paper says in part:

President Kim Il-song who had made tireless efforts for a peaceful reunification of the country for scores of years had to proclaim a semi-war state. This is because of the extremely tense situation.

Due to the splittist manoeuvres of the South Korean puppet clique, the peaceful reunification of Korea has not been realised, and South Korea has become a permanent hotbed of threat to world peace.

The "team spirit 83" military exercises are aimed at examining and completing the war preparations of the U.S. troops and the South Korean puppet army, testing new means of war and rendering the international situation further strained.

The current military exercises lay stress on attaining a political purpose as well as a military one. They should be considered to be a provocative act disturbing peace and security in Asia and a show of "strength" whipping up a tense atmosphere in the Korean Peninsula.

The "team spirit" military exercises staged by the United States and the South Korean puppets are pregnant with the vicious "spirit" of the sanguinary Korean War which all but plunged the world into the Third World War.

As long as the Korean question is not settled fairly, the Korean Peninsula will remain a dangerous hotbed of war.

Yugoslavia and the League of Communists of Yugoslavia stressed many a time that barring the peaceful reunification of Korea is a dangerous factor further aggravating the international situation.

In his lifetime President Tito expressed full support to the demand of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that foreign troops be withdrawn from South Korea and Korea be reunified by the Korean people themselves.

Meanwhile, the Yugoslav paper VECERNJE NOVOSTI conveyed the report of the KPA supreme command.

ALL-CHINA JOURNALISTS GROUP SUPPORTS KPA REPORT

SK110532 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2220 GMT 10 Feb 83

[Text] Beijing, 9 February (KCNA)—Wang Ji, first secretary of the secretariat of the All-China Journalists Association, made public a talk in Beijing on 9 February supporting the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army.

Noting that a new danger has been created on the Korean Peninsula owing to the massive joint military exercises started by the United States together with the South Korean puppet army in the area very close to the military demarcation line, he said:

We denounce the military exercises staged by the United States with sabrerattling, considering them to be an act for unleashing a new war and gravely menacing peace and security of northeast Asia and the world.

The Korean people love peace and struggle for the reunification of their country.

We fully support Korea in all its stand for national reunification.

The Korean question must be solved by the Korean people themselves under all circumstances.

The United States must pull its troops out of South Korea and thus open the road to Korean reunification.

We bitterly denounce the war provocation manoeuvres of the United States and demand the withdrawal of its troops from South Korea.

It is natural that the supreme commander of the Korean people's army took a self-defensive measure with an order to enter into a semi-war state to cope with the situation obtaining in Korea.

Our two peoples of China and Korea forged militant friendship with blood in the struggle against the common enemies in the past days. The Chinese people always render resolute support to the just struggle of the Korean people and maintain traditional friendship and unity with them. Our All-China Journalists Association will take a measure to organise the press organs in reflecting more and better the present situation created on the Korean Peninsula and the Chinese people's support to the struggle of the Korean people.

CSO: 4100/118 31

FOREIGN MEDIA NOTE KPA SUPREME COMMAND REPORT

SK110547 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--Foreign mass media continue to give wide publicity to the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army.

Carrying the gist of the report of the KPA supreme command, the Bangladesh paper BANGLADESH OBSERVER 5 February said:

The supreme commander of the Korean people's army declared a state of semi-war in connection with the start of the joint military exercises codenamed "team spirit 83" the largest ever in scale by the United States and South Korea.

It is a legitimate right of an independent people to take a self-defensive measure against the threat of an aggressor.

The military rehearsal and shameful act committed by the U.S. imperialists are acts for occupying a dominant position in Asia and they are timed to coincide with the ever more undisguised schemings to complete the triangular military alliance system of the United States, Japan and the South Korean puppet clique.

The Italian paper L'UNITA 3 February said that the joint military exercises codenamed "team spirit 83" being staged in South Korea with the participation of some 190,000 troops are an escalation of the criminal war manoeuvres against the DPRK and an open military provocation harassing peace and leading the situation to the brink of war in Korea. It conveyed the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army.

The report of the KPA supreme command was also carried by the Italian paper IL GIORNALE, the paper of the Yemen Arab Republic AL SAURA, the Iranian paper KAYHAN INTERNATIONAL and the Ghanaian paper THE PEOPLE'S DAILY GRAPHIC and aired by the Ghanaian radio, the Zambian radio and the Zambian television.

'KCNA' CITES FOREIGN MEDIA SUPPORTING KPA REPORT

SK150255 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2331 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—Foreign mass media gave wide publicity to the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army.

The gist of the report was recently conveyed by the Iranian papers ISLAMIC REPUBLIC and TEHERAN TIMES and other papers, radio and television of the country.

Conveying a summary of the report, the Maltese paper WEEKEND CHRONICLE 5 February said:

The "team spirit 83" joint military exercises are a war provocation act; they are largest ever in history in scale being staged by the United States and South Korea with the whole area of South Korea as the main theatre.

They are an escalation of the criminal war moves against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and an open military provocation violating peace in Korea and leading the situation to the brink of war in this region.

The order of the supreme commander of the Korean people's army to enter into a semi-war state in face of the reckless military provocations of the U.S. imperialists is a self-defensive measure to cope with the U.S. moves to start a war.

It is a legitimate right of an independent people to take a self-defensive measure against the aggression and threat of the imperialists.

The Korean people love peace and do not want war. But they will never allow the imperialists to invade their country.

The Austrian paper VOLKS STIMME 3 February, conveying the gist of the report of the KPA supreme command, said that the proclamation of a semi-war state in Korea is a justifiable self-defensive measure.

The Finnish papers KANSAN UUTISET 3 February and DIEDONANTAJA 2 February noted in articles titled "North Korea Proclaims a Semi-war State":

The "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets are a military rehearsal biggest in scale since the second world war. This rehearsal is creating a big danger to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Therefore, North Korea was compelled to proclaim a semi-war state.

It is a natural measure, because, in the Korean War in 1950, the United States and South Korea provoked the war, beginning with such military exercises.

The Finnish News Agency reported the same content.

The French paper LE MONDE 3 February carried the gist of the report of the KPA supreme command.

The Maltese paper ORIZZONT 5 February, in an article headlined "Biggest military rehearsal of U.S. forces and the South Korean puppet army endangering peace," says:

The "team spirit 83" military exercises concentrically show the bellicose and adventurous nature of the U.S. imperialists working overtime to find a way out of the serious political and economic crisis in the new war of aggression.

The current exercises prove that the rumour of "threat of southward invasion" spread by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets is a sheer lie.

The Maltese radio and television also conveyed the gist of the report of the KPA supreme command on 5 February.

cso: 4100/118

## FOREIGN MEDIA NOTE 1 FEBRUARY KPA REPORT

SK150204 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2300 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--Mass media of many countries in Asia, Africa, Latin America and Europe widely publicized the report issued by the supreme command of the Korean people's army in connection with the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises, the largest ever in scale in history, launched by the U.S. imperialists together with the South Korean puppet clique.

The Afghan paper ANIS 6 February carried the following report titled "Military Provocation of U.S. Imperialists in Korea":

The frantic "team spirit 83" joint military exercises being staged by the U.S. imperialists are as barbaric act of war against the northern half of the DPRK.

This sabre-rattling gravely jeopardises peace and creates tension in Korea.

The Pakistani papers JANG, MORNING NEWS, DAWN, AMAN, LEADER, HURRIET, MASHRIQ, etc summarized the report of the KPA supreme command.

The Kuwaiti papers ARAB TIMES, KUWAIT TIMES, AL QABAS and others and radio and television of this country also conveyed summaries of the report of the KPA supreme command.

The Peruvian paper EL DIARIO 7 February noted that the order of the supreme commander of the Korean people's army to enter into a semi-war state in face of the grave situation created in the country is a self-defensive measure to cope with the war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists.

The Guyanese radio said:

The frantic "team spirit 83" joint military exercises being staged by the United States are an escalation of the criminal war moves against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and an open military provocation jeopardising peace and leading the situation to the brink of a war in Korea.

After dwelling upon the scale of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises, the Pakistani paper DAWN 2 February said that, to cope with them, the DPRK

issued a report of the KPA supreme command and entered into a semi-war state.

On 3 February, the paper carried a detailed summary of the report of the KPA supreme command under the title "Combat Posture in the DPRK."

Another Pakistani paper MORNING NEWS 3 February carried the gist of the report of the KPA supreme command under the headline "DPRK Proclaims Semi-war State."

Pointing to the large-scale joint military rehearsal being staged by the U.S. imperialists together with the South Korean puppet clique, the paper said:

Due to this, an imminent danger of a new war has come upon the Korean Peninsula, under this situation, an order of the supreme commander of the Korean people's army was issued.

The ADN News Agency of Democratic Yemen 7 February conveyed the report of the KPA supreme command under the title "DPRK Enters Into Semi-war State Against New War Provocation Manoeuvres of U.S. Imperialists."

The Guyanese News Agency conveyed a summary of the report of the KPA supreme command on 3 February and the upper Voltese radio on 5 February.

FOREIGN MEDIA CONTINUE TO NOTE KPA REPORT

SK150348 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 15 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)—Foreign mass media continue to give wide publicity to the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army.

The 9 February issue of the Afghan paper TRUTH OF THE APRIL REVOLUTION carried the full text of the report.

Another Afghan paper TRUTH OF THE SOLDIER 7 February, carrying the gist of the report, denounced the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique as an escalation of their criminal war moves against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and a and a military provocation harassing peace in Korea and leading the situation to the brink of war.

Afghan television also conveyed the gist of the report on 11 February.

The Nepalese paper NAYA YUG 6 February under the headline "Semi-war State in Korea, Self-defensive Measure of an Independent, Sovereign State" carried the report of the KPA supreme command and the Syrian paper AL RIYADIH 8 February printed the gist of the report.

The Angolan paper JOURNAL DE ANGOLA and the Angolan News Agency and radio, conveying the summary of the report, stressed that Korea is in a dangerous situation similar to that on the eve of a war due to the military provocations of the United States and the South Korean puppet clique.

Angolan TV conveyed the full text of the report on 7 February, saying:

The "team spirit 83" joint military exercises are timed for the ever more undisguised moves to perfect the triangular military alliance system of the United States, Japan and South Korean puppets.

The order of the supreme commander of the Korean people's army proclaiming a semi-war state is a self-defensive measure against the war moves of the U.S. imperialists.

The Sao Tome and principle news agency and radio recently publicized the report of the KPA supreme command.

## SOCIALIST PAPERS SCORE TEAM SPIRIT EXERCISE

SK111553 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1517 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)—Papers of socialist countries continue bitterly castigating the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces and the South Korean puppet army, according to reports.

The 2 February issue of the Bulgarian paper NARODNA ARMIYA in an article titled "Military Show" says that the current military exercises are intended to intimidate the Korean people by force of arms.

Through the military exercises the U.S. imperialists also try to obstruct the socialist construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and arrest the struggle of the Korean people for clearing South Korea of the U.S. forces and achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, it notes.

The Yugoslav paper DNEVNIK 4 February remarks that a grave situation prevails in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea due to the war manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique. It says:

The DPRK under the leadership of President Kim Il-song has vigorously struggled to achieve socio-economic development and realize the cherished national desire for the country's reunification. The DPRK and the Korean people are struggling for peace, security, independence, reunification and cooperation.

The DPRK could not but take a due step because the United States and South Korea mobilised huge war potentials.

A semi-war state has been proclaimed to cope with the aggressive military rehearsal. This is a manifestation of the unshakable will of the DPRK to defend all the precious gains won through a bloody struggle.

The 4 February issue of the GDR paper JUNGE WELT in an article captioned "Frontline area against peace in the Far East, the largest naval training being staged by the United States, grave threat to peace" notes that a new thing in the rehearsal participated in by all the units of U.S. ground, naval and air forces is that nuclear war exercises are staged in Korea.

Noting that Japan is indirectly participating in the joint military exercises, the Hungarian paper MAGYAR HIRLAP 5 February in a commentary says:

The United States has long urged Japan to play a greater military role in the U.S. operations in the Far East.

The United States has manoeuvred for a long time to trump up a U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance.

A particular role of Okinawa base in the joint military rehearsal is enough to show that a tripartite military alliance is gradually taking shape.

Recalling the utterances of U.S. Defence Secretary Weinberger that in the event of "contingency" the U.S. "quick strike force" would be immediately dispatched to South Korea, the Albanian paper ZERI I POPULLIT 5 February says:

This tells that the Reagan administration seeks to interfere not only in the Far East but also in any other part of the world, if the neo-colonialist interests of the U.S. imperialists are endangered.

cso: 4100/118

### INDIAN GROUP DENOUNCES TEAM SPIRIT

SK111023 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1006 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--If the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan pupper clique dare start a war of aggression, defying the warnings of the entire Korean people, they will taste another bitter cup of defeat.

This was declared by the East-West Friendship Association of India in its statement 7 February denouncing the "team spirit 83" war exercises of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique.

The "team spirit 83" military exercises are new war provocation manoeuvres stripping bare the nature of the U.S. imperialists as the chieftain of aggression and war, warliker and nuclear-maniac and an adventurous military folly directed against the Korean people, the statement says, and continues:

The criminal war exercises of the U.S. imperialists are intended to give a shot in the arm to the military fascist clique of Chon Tu-hwan, their despicable stooge floundering in the quagmire of destruction, rejected and isolated at home and abroad, and drive them to treachery, division, fascism and war and prop up their colonial rule over South Korea with "strength."

The "team spirit 83" proves that it is, in fact, a joint military rehearsal of the United States, Japan and the South Korean puppets and that one of its purposes is to realize the "integration" of their military action and thus aly a foundation of a triangular military alliance. The frantic war exercises staged by the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppets also prove that the rumour of "threat of southward invasion" spread by them is a groundless propaganda.

The frantic new war provocations of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean military fascist clique have rendered the situation of the Korean Peninsula most strained and acute in Asia and created a critical situation in Korea in which a war may break out any moment.

The U.S. imperialists must discontinue at once the rash acts to start a war of aggression and withdraw immediately their aggression troops and all their lethal weapons from South Korea.

cso: 4100/118

# INDIAN JOURNALIST CRITICIZES 'TEAM SPIRIT 83'

SK110544 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] New Delhi, 8 February (KCNA)—Saransakena, director of the editorial board of the Indian paper SANDIYA SAMACHAR, issued a talk on 7 February in denunciation of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique.

The new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists have rendered the situation on the Korean Peninsula most strained and acute in Asia and created a dangerous situation in Korea in which a war may break out any moment, he said.

The joint military exercises, he noted, are designed to threaten the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, persistently oppose the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and save the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique maintained at the point of the U.S. Bayonets.

### He further said:

To determinedly check and frustrate the ever more undisguised new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique in Korea is most urgent demand for defending peace and security in Asia and the world.

In face of the present dangerous situation, the great leader President Kim Il-song, supreme commander of the Korean people's army, issued an order to the entire units of the Korean people's army and all the members of the Korean people's security forces, the worker-peasant red guards and the red young guards to enter into a semi-war state.

This order is not only a legitimate self-defensive measure, but also a declaration bringing a deadly sledge-hammer on the heads of the warmaniacs who like playing with fire.

The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique should not incite the confrontation between north and south but stop leading the situation to the brink of war.

The U.S. imperialists should promptly respond to the proposal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to replace the Korean armistice agreement with a peace agreement and stop at once the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises staged in South Korea. The U.S. imperialists should withdraw from South Korea without delay, taking along their aggression troops and lethal weapons.

## BULGARIAN PRESS CONDEMNS TEAM SPIRIT '83

SK121205 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1114 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--Bulgarian papers scathingly denounced the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops and South Korean puppet army, according to a report.

RABOTNICHESKO DELO on 4 February carried a commentary entitled "Rash Provocation."

For the first time after the ceasefire the entire units of the Korean people's army and all the members of the Korean people's security forces, the worker-peasant red guards and the red young guards have entered into a state of semi-war in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in face of the "team spirit 83" war exercises, the paper says, and continues:

One of the main purposes of the war exercises is to carry out a rehearsal for the use of nuclear weapons. It is clear whom it is directed against.

The provocative act is not an isolated act, but is linked with the U.S.-Asian aggressive strategy for knocking into shape a U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance.

The world progressive forces, it notes, extend invariable full support and solidarity to the Korean people in the struggle against the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and for smashing the provocation manoeuvres of the imperialists.

NARODNA ARMIYA in a commentary on 5 February titled "New Provocative Act Against Peace" says that the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique assume an aggressive and provocative nature.

The paper points out that a full-scale "attack operation" will be held with the mobilization of chemical and nuclear weapons in the period of the military exercises.

Pointing to the large stockpile of nuclear weapons in South Korea, it says that the training in the use of such nuclear weapons poses a grave threat to peace in Asia and the world.

VECHERNI NOVINI 3 February comes out with a commentary titled "New Provocation Manoeuvres in the Far East, 'Team Spirit 83'." It says that, in fact, war exercises of the United States, Japan and South Korea are taking place against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Noting that they are a nuclear war test training, the paper says: The United States tries to threaten the Korean people with "strength" and nuclear weapons.

## ZIMBABWE GROUP TELEGRAMS REAGAN ON TEAM SPIRIT

SK132237 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 13 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The Zimbabwean national committee for Korea's reunification sent telegrams of protest on 7 February respectively to U.S. President Reagan and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique in denunciation of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique, according to a report.

The telegram to Reagan expressed deep concern about the developments in South Korea which are growing ever more serious owing to the adventurous new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and said that the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises participated in by large U.S. forces and the South Korean puppet army have created a tense situation which may lead to the outbreak of a war any moment in the Korean Peninsula and gravely endanger peace and security in this region.

## The telegram continued:

Today it is the unanimous demand of the entire Korean people and the revolutionary people the world over to remove the tension prevailing in the Korean Peninsula and achieveable peace in this region.

We strongly denounce the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises, considering them an intolerable challenge to the entire Korean people and the revolutionary people of the world calling for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

We demand the U.S. administration to stop at once the "team spirit 83" war exercises and immediately withdraw the U.S. imperialist aggression forces and combat equipment from South Korea.

The U.S. imperialists must accept the proposal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the replacement of the Korean armistice agreement with a peace agreement and desist from acts obstructive to the reunification of Korea.

The reunification of Korea should be realised on all accounts in accordance with the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo,

a most fair nation-saving proposal advanced by President Kim Il-song the great leader.

We oppose the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and will actively support and encourage at all times the Korean people's just fighting cause of national reunification.

The telegram sent to the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique bitterly denounced the provocative "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists aggressors and the traitor Chon Tu-hwan.

It said: We demand that the Chon Du Hwan puppet clique make the U.S. troops and nuclear and all other destructive weapons immediately withdraw from South Korea and discontinue the "team spirit 83" military exercises at once, as demanded by the entire Korean people and the peaceloving people of the world.

The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique must immediately abrogate the fascist murderous laws in South Korea, democratise the South Korean society and step down forthwith from "power."

The Korean people will never pardon the crimes committed by the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique against the nation.

We hold that the reunification of Korea should be realised in accordance with the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by the great leader President Kim Il-song.

We will always extend active support to the Korean people's just cause of national reunification and the South Korean people's struggle for the democratisation of society.

POLISH, GDR PRESS CONDEMNS TEAM SPIRIT '83

SK141202 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1123 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--Papers of socialist countries published articles condemning the "team spirit 83" joint military rehearsal of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces and the South Korean puppet army, according to reports.

The Polish paper ZOLNIERZ WOLNOSCI 6 February in an article titled "Okinawa" noted that the preparations are in full swing at U.S. army bases in Okinawa to send large armed forces to South Korea where the "team spirit 83" military exercises are going on. It said:

The current military rehearsal is taking place under the cover of huge naval and air forces.

The military exercises staged by the United States and the Seoul "regime" are growing in scope with each passing year.

As for the "team spirit 83," it can be said that it is a full-dress war rehearsal including "ground operation," "landing operation," "airlifting operation" and "heavy equipment parachuting operation."

The United States stages nuclear war exercises, using its nuclear weapons and mass destruction weapons.

It is hastening the formation of the U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance by using the military bases in Japan in the "team spirit 83" exercises.

Such moves must be condemned not only by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea but also in Japan and other parts of Asia and the rest of the world.

Another Polish paper TRYBUNA LUDU 8 February said in an article:

The "team spirit 83" surpasses all the previous war exercises in view of its scale and in the heightening of tension in this part of the world.

This show of armed forces against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea may entail irrevocable consequences and its danger expand to an unexpected scope.

Washington regards Korea as an area "vital to the interests" of the United States.

That is why the United States gives military, political and economic "aid" to the South Korean puppets and is converting the southern half of the Korean Peninsula further into a base of nuclear missiles.

The United States is also strengthening its military occupation of South Korea, while more zealously using Japan in the realisation of its imperialist ambition.

In conclusion the paper expressed support to the propositions and proposals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to make the U.S. forces withdraw from South Korea and put an end to the interference of the outside forces in the internal affairs of Korea and to achieve national reunification on peaceful and democratic principles.

Meanwhile, the GDR paper NEUES DEUTSCHLAND 9 February said in a commentary:

U.S. State Secretary Shultz inspected unstable areas along the military demarcation line. This reminds one of a historical photograph of 1950 showing Dulles finally examining the plan for armed invasion in the frontline trench of the 38th parallel line on the eve of the U.S. ignition of a war of aggression against the Korean people.

The paper stressed that gone are days of those who want to subdue the world to them by the policy of gunboat and threaten it with the use of nuclear missiles.

GUYANESE ORGANIZATIONS DENOUNCE 'TEAM SPIRIT 83'

SK140418 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0401 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—Eleven public organisations of Guyana including the committee for peace and solidarity, the committee for support of Korea's reunification, the labor union, the general workers union, the general trade union council, the agricultural and general workers union and the young socialist movement made public a joint statement recently in denunciation of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises being staged by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique, according to a report.

The statement says:

The "team spirit 83" is an escalation of undisguised war provocation manoeuvres against the northern half of Korea and an open aggressive move harassing peace on the Korean Peninsula and leading the Korean situation to the brink of war.

It is also a grave threat to peace and security in Asia and the rest of the world and a criminal action timed to coincide with the sinister moves of the U.S. and Japanese aggressors and the South Korean puppets to complete a traingular military alliance.

Bitterly denouncing the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises as a criminal aggressive move barring the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and threatening world peace and security, we fully support the order of the supreme commander of the Korean people's army proclaiming a semi-war state in face of the enemy's military provocations.

The U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique must immediately stop the aggressive "team spirit 83" joint military exercises.

We strongly demand that the U.S. imperialists stop interfering in the domestic affairs of Korea and withdraw their aggression forces and all destructive weapons at once from South Korea.

ZIMBABWE CONGRESS REPORT HITS 'TEAM SPIRIT 83'

SK150057 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2252 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--The Zimbabwe congress of trade unions, in a statement 8 February denouncing the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique, stressed that if the U.S. imperialists unleashed another war in Korea, forgetting the lesson of history, they would be burned in its flames never to revive, according to a report.

A grave situation has been created on the Korean Peninsula by the massive "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean fascist gang, it said and continued:

The provocative manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean military fascist clique are a reckless play with fire which may trigger off a new war on the Korean Peninsula and a grave provocative act against the entire Korean people and the peaceloving people in Asia.

The Zimbabwe congress of trade unions joins the world peaceloving people in sternly denouncing the ever more undisguised new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists on the Korean Peninsula such as the "team spirit 83."

The congress strongly demands the U.S. imperialists to stop at once such military provocations as the "team spirit 83" and immediately withdraw their aggression troops and all their destruction and nuclear weapons from South Korea.

The Zimbabwean people who have fought and won victory together with the Korean people in the common struggle against imperialism and racism holds that Korean reunification should be realised in accordance with the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

cso: 4100/118

MALAGASY, ZIMBABWE STATEMENTS HIT 'TEAM SPIRIT 83'

SK150235 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2322 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The Malagasy national committee for supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and the Zimbabwean national committee for supporting Korea's reunification made public statements bitterly condemning the joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique.

In its statement on 8 February the Malagasy national committee declared that the Malagasy people, together with the world peaceloving people, are filled with the resolution to support and encourage with might and main the Korean people's struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

### It said:

We fully support the order of the supreme commander of the Korean people's army to enter into a demi-war state. This is a self-defensive measure against the U.S. imperialists' war provocation manoeuvres and an exercise of a legitimate right of an independent people to cope with the imperialists' aggression.

The world people do not want war, but love peace.

If the U.S. imperialists start a war in Korea, they will suffer an irretrievable annihilating blow.

We strongly demand that the U.S. imperialists promptly stop the "team spirit 83" and immediately withdraw from South Korea, taking along all their aggressive weapons.

The Zimbabwean national committee for supporting Korea's reunification in its 8 February statement said:

A grave situation has been created on the Korean Peninsula due to the reckless war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists.

We consider that the measure taken by the supreme command of the Korean people's army is a self-defensive measure for defending the socialist system, people's government and the territory from the U.S. imperialists' aggression.

We strongly demand that the U.S. imperialists lend an ear to the voices of the entire Korean people and the world's peaceloving people and immediately stop such aggressive war exercises as the "team spirit 83" against the DPRK.

If they, in defiance of the bitter denunciation of the Korean people and the world people, dare ignite a war against the Korean people, they will meet an irretrievable defeat.

The U.S. imperialists must unconditionally and immediately withdraw their huge amount of war materials including nuclear weapons and their troops from South Korea and promptly give up the scheme to form a triangular military alliance.

We fully support the proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, supreme commander of the Korean people's army, and express firm solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle for its implementation.

We will as ever warmly support and encourage the Korean people's just struggle against the U.S. imperialists' aggressive acts.

USSR PAPER CONDEMNS TEAM SPIRIT '83'

SK121030 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0817 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Moscow, 10 February (KCNA)—The Soviet paper SELSKAYA ZHIZN 10 February carried a commentary titled "War Histeria" flailing the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique.

The paper says:

The whole of the southern part of the Korean Peninsula has virtually been turned into a ground of massive war exercises of the U.S. troops and South Korean puppet army.

These exercises surpass in scale all the preceding military exercises of the United States and its military bloc member states.

According to press reports, it is participated in by about 190,000 troops, among them more than 73,000 U.S. troops including armed forces hurled into South Korea from the U.S. mainland, Hawaii and Okinawa, Japan.

An important role in logistic support operation has fallen on the shoulder of Japan; the United States is persistently inveigling Japan into the execution of its aggressive strategy in the Far East.

Washington intends to knock into shape a U.S.-South Korea-Japan triangular military alliance through the pro-American elements in the leadership of the Liberal-Democratic Party, the ruling party of Japan.

The U.S. Defense Department pins a big expectation on the "team spirit 83." It thinks that the secret participation of Japan in it will bind Japan more tightly to the war chariot of the United States.

The usual demonstration of armed forces in the southern part of the Korean Peninsula serves for the plainly disclosed provocative purpose of Washington to aggravate the situation in this area of globe, frighten the people in this area and create a climate of wholesale war hysteria.

### SOCIALIST PRESS DENOUNCES TEAM SPIRIT EXERCISE

SK150820 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 15 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)—Papers of socialist countries strongly denounced the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique as a wanton provocation against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a grave menace to the Asian countries, according to reports.

The Czechoslovak paper RUDE PRAVO 8 February in a commentary denounced the war exercises as a provocation designed to demonstrate the "strength" of the U.S. forces in the Korean Peninsula.

The Romanian paper APARAREA PATRIEI 9 February said the war rehearsal is an extremely dangerous military provocation threatening peace in the Korean Peninsula and in all other areas in view of its scale and aim and from the military and political point of view. The Romanian people oppose the joint military exercises of the United States and South Korea, a provocative act laying new obstacles in the way of the reunification of Korea, it wrote.

The Yugoslav paper COMMUNIST 11 February noted that President Kim I1-song, supreme commander of the Korean people's army, who had waged an energetic struggle for the peaceful reunification of the fatherland since Korea was divided, issued an order proclaiming a semi-war state. This is because the United States and South Korean puppers started the largest joint military exercises, it said.

Only when foreign troops are withdrawn from South Korea at once, it stressed, can Korea be reunified.

The 9 February issue of the Polish paper ZOLNIERZ WOLNOSCI in an article flaying the military exercises pointed out that the United States, Japan and the South Korean puppets are recently making much noise about the formation of the tripartite military alliance. It said:

Such provocative moves are aimed at preventing the realization of the proposals and initiatives of the DPRK for the peaceful and democratic reunification of Korea after forcing the U.S. troops to withdraw from South Korea.

The Bulgarian paper TRUD carried a commentary on 8 February flailing the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises as an escalation of aggravating the tensions in Asia and an open provocative act.

## VENEZUELAN COMMITTEE SCORES TRIANGULAR ALLIANCE

SK160447 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0339 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)—The Venezuelan committee for supporting Korea's reunification issued a statement denouncing the scheme to frame up the U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance, according to a report.

It said: the situation of the world, the situation of the Korean Peninsula and Asia in particular, is very tense and the danger of a new world war is increasing.

Noting that the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists are intensifying the war provocation manoeuvres in the Korean Peninsula and scheming to form the tripartite military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea, the statement said: this military alliance is the main tool of the U.S. imperialists for the execution of their policy of Asian aggression and global strategy.

Pointing out that this new grave situation is attributable to Reagan's assumption of office and the establishment of the Nakasone Government, the statement continued:

The large-scale "team spirit 83" joint military exercises and the fleet mobile attack exercise staged in the East Sea of Korea are adventurous military provocations which lead the situation in the Korean Peninsula to the brink of war.

The Venezuelan committee for supporting Korea's reunification demands that in order to turn Asia into a peace zone, a nuclear-free zone, peace be preserved there and nuclear weapons be shipped out of this region.

The Venezuelan people will join in the struggle waged by the Korean people and the world people against the U.S.-Japan-South Korea military alliance and for the withdrawal of the U.S. forces from South Korea under the banner of independence and peace.

DAILY ON S. KOREAN FOREIGN MINISTRY'S 'WORKING PLAN'

SK110617 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)—The South Korean puppet Foreign Ministry made public a "working plan" for this year a few days ago.

The "working plan" whose keynote is "allout diplomacy" and "security diplomacy" published in the form of "report of work" to Chon Tu-hwan the puppet put stress on strengthening the "system of security cooperation" with the United States and promoting the "friendly relations" with Japan.

Commenting on this, NODONG SINMUN today says that this is a disgraceful pro-U.S., pro-Japanese diplomacy.

Noting that the South Korean puppet Foreign Ministry brought forward the "working plan" one month after it commenced "work" for this year, the author of the commentary says: This fact is unthinkable apart from the South Korean tour of U.S. State Secretary Shultz.

The puppets published it just on the eve of his arrival in South Korea.

In underscoring the "strengthening of cooperation" with the United States and Japan they betrayed their intention to get more military "aid" from the U.S. imperialist masters by curringy favour with them.

This is clearly borne out by the fact that during his stay in South Korea the puppets entreated him to substantially increase the U.S. arms sales loan to South Korea.

The South Korean puppets are now following and faithfully serving the U.S. imperialists' aggressive plan in an attempt to get their active patronage and thereby maintain the power.

The pro-U.S., pro-Japanese "diplomacy" loudly mouthed about by the puppets is precisely for complying with the aggressive demand of the U.S. imperialists.

The pro-U.S., pro-Japanese "diplomacy" of the Chon Tu-hwan group once again discloses the dirty colours of this group of flunkeyists-traitors prolonging their remaining days by clining to the coattails of the outside forces.

#### BRIEFS

PERUVIAN COMMITTEE SUPPORTS IL-SONG ORDER--Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--The Peruvian committee for supporting Korea's reunification in a statement expressed full support to the order issued by Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, to the entire armed forces including the Korean people's army to enter into a semi-war state to cope with the provocative manoeuvres of the enemy, according to a report. Noting that the joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets pose a threat to the independent and peaceful development of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the statement says: Due to the manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, the danger of war is increasing hour by hour in Korea and world peace is endangered. Under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the DPRK has achieved an independent development and guarantees peace and the Korean people are waging a vigorous struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. Considering that no war provocation manoeuvres of the imperialists can frighten the Korean people and their joint military rehearsal can never achieve its aim, we pungently denounce the war provocation manoeuvres. [Text] [SK160525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0358 GMT 16 Feb 83]

EMBASSIES TALK TO PRESS--Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--Press conferences were held recently at the DPRK missions in Syria, Laos, Burundi, Guinea, Somalia, Malta and Austria in connection with the publication of the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army. The press conferences were attended by leading men of the press and reporters of the host countries, press officials of different embassies and correspondents of various countries. Korean ambassadors or charges d'affaires ad interim conveyed the report of the KPA supreme command and spoke at the press conferences. [Text] [SK120400 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0317 GMT 12 Feb 83]

SWISS SOLIDARITY MEETING—Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—A meeting of solidarity with the Korean people was held at Bern Province, Switzerland, on 4 February, according to a report. Present at the meeting were Martin Swander, member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Switzerland and member of the World Peace Council, and other personages. Martin Swander spoke at the meeting. He said: Comrade Kim Il—song, supreme commander of the Korean people's army, on 1 February issued an order to all the units of the Korean people's army and the entire members of the Korean people's security forces and worker—peasant red guards and the red young guards to enter into a semi-war state in face of the grave situation prevailing on the Korean Peninsula. The peaceloving pro-

gressive figures of the world actively support this measure, standing firm on the side of the Korean people. A statement adopted at the meeting stressed: We members of the Workers' Party of Switzerland and peace champions resolutely oppose the present U.S. Government's policy of overseas expansion. We support the just efforts of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to solve the question of national reunification without foreign interference and the struggle of the South Korean people. We fully support the proposal of the DPRK to convene a joint conference of political parties and social organisations in the north and the south and demand an unconditional and immediate withdrawal of the U.S. forces from South Korea. [Text] [SK140412 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0357 GMT 14 Feb 83]

WORLD LAWYERS GROUP--Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--The International Association of Democratic Lawyers recently issued a statement supporting the report of the supreme command of the Korean people's army and condemning the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, according to a report. The "team spirit 83" joint military exercises have created a grave tension on the Korean Peninsula, the statement says, and continues: The armed forces of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea were placed on a stand-by alert by the self-defensive measure. The bellicose war exercises organised directly by the Reagan administration and the scheme to knock into shape the U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance constitute the grave danger of new war in Korea. The International Association of Democratic Lawyers considers that the U.S. troops' occupation of South Korea constitutes a chief obstacle to the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and, at the same time, jeopardizes peace in this area and international security. The association appeals to the national associations of all countries to actively participate in condemning these moves of the U.S. administration and strongly demand the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea. [Text] [SK140509 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0435 GMT 14 Feb 83]

'TRI-CONTINENTAL' ORGANIZATION--Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--The organization of solidarity of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America recently made public a statement in Havana in denunciation of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the United States and the South Korean puppet clique, according to a report. The statement says: The organisation of solidarity of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America brands the U.S.-South Korea joint military exercises "team spirit 83" as a grave threat to peace and security in Asia. This rehearsal is a new provocation of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet regime and its masters across the ocean against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. The rehearsal aimed at familiarizing the South Korean puppet army and the U.S. forces inth the joint operation and testing the new system of weapons supplied by Washington to the dictatorial "regime" attests to Seoul's aggressive ambition and to the U.S. imperialists' intention to incite militarist fever in Japan to put Japan on the track of their policy of aggression. The organisation of solidarity of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America vehemently condemns these military exercises and expresses support to the South Korean patriotic forces who are struggling for genuine freedom and democracy. [Text] [SK110521 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2214 GMT 10 Feb 83]

KOREAN PAPER DENOUNCES TEAM SPIRIT--Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--A recent issue of a Koreans' paper published in the United States denounced the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises being waged by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets. Noting that the "team spirit 83" started on 1 February is "a rehearsal largest ever in scale in history" setting "a new record of the military exercises," the paper said: This military rehearsal has created a grim situation, stimulating and heightening the tension on Korean Peninsula this year, in spite of the massive anti-nuclear, anti-war movement of global scale last year and, especially, the earnest desire of the world people for the removal of tension and the fixation of peace on the Korean Peninsula. The situation indicates that the United States is stepping up its policy of increasing tension on the Korean Peninsula. [Text] [SK120406 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0352 GMT 12 Feb 83]

FRENCH LABOR ORGANIZATION--Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)--The general confederation of labour of France published a statement under the headline "in protest against militarist moves in the Far East," which lashes out at the "team spirit 83" war exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique, according to a report. The acceleration of Japan's remilitarization, the intensified "cooperation" between the Japanese Government and the Seoul dictatorial "regime," and the events after a U.S. "announcement" that the U.S. forces may use nuclear weapons "in the event of contingency," created a new grave situation in the Far East, the statement says. Recalling that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea advanced a new reasonable proposal for the peaceful reunification of Korea, it continues: The "team spirit 83" military rehearsal being staged with the mobilization of nearly 200,000 men clearly shows the danger of war. The general confederation of labour gives information about this extremely grave situation and expresses firm solidarity with all the workers, trade union members and progressives who desire to put an end to the arms race in Asia and the rest of the world and live in peace. [Text] [SK150512 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0420 GMT 15 Feb 83]

CUBAN'S DENOUNCE TEAM SPIRIT EXERCISES -- Havana, 12 February (KCNA) -- The Cuban committee for supporting Korea's reunification issued a statement recently in Havana flaying the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique. Noting that the exercises have created a very dangerous situation in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the statement says: Taking into consideration the U.S. imperialists' hegemonist ambition for world domination and the vast scale of the war exercises and in view of the fact that they have turned South Korea into their basic operational area, we can say that the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises are an aggressive provocation against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. We believe that if the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique dare ignite a war of aggression against the DPRK, the Korean people would rise as one man to defend their motherland to the last. The Cuban committee for supporting Korea's reunification extends warm support once again to the heroic Korean people at this grave moment. [Text] [SK151021 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1012 GMT 15 Feb 83]

JORDANIAN STATEMENT DENOUNCES TEAM SPIRIT--Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--The Jordan-Korea Friendship Association in a statement made public in denunciation

of the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises noted that the U.S. imperialists are intensifying aggressive provocations and whipping up a war atmosphere in the Korean Peninsula as never before, according to a report. Such provocation and frantic military action as the "team spirit 83" being staged by the U.S. imperialists together with their puppets, rulers of South Korea and Japan, are vehemently denounced by the entire people of the world including the people in the Far East, the statement said, and continued: As it treasures the deep friendship forged between the Jordanian and Korean peoples and is aware of the danger created by the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists, the Jordan-Korea Friendship Association merges its voice with that of all the public circles and patriotic organisations and the freedom- and peace-loving forces of the world in denouncing the U.S. imperialists' aggressive policy toward the Korean Peninsula. The Jordan-Korea Friendship Association strongly demands a halt to this provocation for defending world peace and for delivering the world people from the danger of war. [Text] [SK160524 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0354 GMT 16 Feb 83]

CHUCHE HEAD CONDEMNS TEAM SPIRIT--Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--Mustafa I. Jaber, director of the board of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea, in his talk branded the "team spirit 83" military exercises as a challenge to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and as an act designed to heighten tensions and render the acute situation more strained and thus unleash a destructive war in Korea and endanger world peace and security, according to a report. We stressed: I believe that the Korean people under the leadership of President Kim II-song, a hero and marshal, will smash the U.S. imperialists' provocations this time, too, just as they repulsed their provocative aggression in the 1950s, starting them on the downhill. I call upon all the peace—and freedom-loving personages the world over to lift up their voices exposing the U.S. imperialists' aggressive design on Korea and denounce their aggressive moves. [Text] [SK161340 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 16 Feb 83]

'TRIANGULAR ALLIANCE' SCORED--Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--The Masaya Provincial Transport Workers' Union and the Masaya Provincial Association of parents of students studying in foreign countries in Nicaragua held an emergency meeting recently and issued a joint statement denouncing the manoeuvres to form the triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea, according to a report. The statement says: We sternly denounce before the world people the scheme of the U.S. imperialists to frame up a triangular military alliance by bringing together the Japanese reactionary government and the South Korean fascist clique and the heinous war policy pursued by Reagan. The U.S. imperialists are running wild in their bid to form a military alliance for an aggression on the Asian continent, seeking to dominate the world. The administrators of the present Japanese Government are coming out as a zealous defender of the U.S. imperialists in Asia and the UN arena and an advocator of aggression against humanity and a faithful ally of the U.S. imperialists. We resolutely denounce the U.S. imperialists' aggressive manoeuvres in Asia which may bring about world-wide distress. We sternly denounce the scheme to form the triangular military alliance for aggression on Korea and wish Korea, our fraternal country, an early reunification. [Text] [SK110612 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 11 Feb 83]

JOINT RESERACH ON MUNITIONS--Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--The "Machinery Institute" of South Korea, in cahoots with the "Technical Institute of the Machinery Development Association" of Japan, is going ahead in full scale with the "researches of precision processing technique" for the production of munitions," according to a Japanese publication. As for the "researches of precision processing technique," it means that the Japanese militarists and the South Korean puppet clique jointly produce in South Korea munitions including "defense industrial goods, electronic machinery and measurement applicances." It is not fortuitous that a Japanese publication said "the Japanese side's cooperation is closely linked with the fostering of South Korean defence industrial technique." The 'Machinery Institute' of South Korea is an organ under the direct control of the puppet Defense Ministry for the production of major munitions. And the "Technical Institute of the Machinery Development Association" of Japan is one of the organs for overseas aggression under the Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry. In a bid to cover up their military tieup the South Korean puppet clique and the Japanese militarists named these organs under their control "institutes" and are stepping up the production of munitions in full scale under the name of "reseaches." [Text] [SK141127 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1054 GMT 14 Feb 83]

'DIALOGUE AND NEGOTIATION'--Pyongyang, 13 February (KCNA)--The parliamentary group of the Finnish People's Democratic League on 3 February held a meeting and adopted a statement denouncing the "team spirit 83" joint military exercises of the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppet clique, according to a report. Noting that the large-scale joint military rehearsal of the United States and South Korea is further aggravating military tension and jeopardising peace on the Korean Peninsula, the statement says: The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. troops and their joint military exercises lay a grave obstacle to the realisation of the peaceful reunification of the country, the desire and demand of the entire Korean people. We consider that the Korean people should be ensured the independent right to reunify the country in a peaceful way and build an independent and sovereign state. We express full support to the just struggle of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to achieve the country's reunification through dialogue and negotiation. The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. troops is the chief obstacle lying in the way of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea. We strongly demand that the United States stop forthwith the aggressive joint military exercises and withdraw its troops from South Korea at once. [Text] [SK131025 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1016 GMT 13 Feb 831

CHON'S CONDUCT 'SHAMEFUL'--Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--A recent issue of a Korean paper published in Canada exposed the shameful conduct and flunkeyist crime of traitor Chon Tu-Hwan at a so-called "welcome banquet" he hosted for Japanese Prime Minister Nakasone when the latter was visiting South Korea some time ago. The paper says that traitor Chon Tu-hwan "caused foreign reporters to frown" by hosting "a feast with entertainment by beautiful girls" for Nakasone during his tour of Seoul. The "feast" was arranged outside the schedule at the proposal of traitor Chon Tu-hwan to have a spree "with neckties untied," the paper notes. Representing the scene of the "feast" that evening, it says: Chon Tu-hwan overcome with liquor sang "Kim Sat Gat" with a mike in his hand and Nakasone sang in Korean "The Boy in Yellow Shirt." Touched by Nakasone's

singing the South Korean vulgar song, Chon Tu-hwan picked up the mike, crying boastfully "I can sing a Japanese song" and he sang it. Chon Tu-hwan and Nakasone drained one cup after another, with a volley of "Kanpai" in Japanese. The Japanese officials accompanying Nakasone looked vexed with the South Koreanstyle "feast" that evening and the Japanese reporters said that the "president" himself "showed an example" of the quality" of the "land of Kisaeng tourism." [Text] [SK121025 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0812 GMT 12 Feb 83]

SUSPENSION OF PRISON TERM--Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)--A Koreans' newspaper published in the United States carried a statement titled "our view of the suspension of the execution of the prison term of Kim Tae-chung" issued by "the democratic Koreans united in the Americas," an overseas Koreans' organization, some time ago. Noting that Kim Tae-chung did not go to the United States at his own will, but was banished there by the puppet clique, the statement says. The drama of "parole" put the doom of the military fascist clique, who make a mockery of and deceive the people, on the final trial. The people at home and abroad and conscientious people of the world are rising up in the struggle in a stronger battle array for the overthrow of Chon Tu-hwan, democratic building and independent and peaceful reunification. This is the factor that made the Chon Tu-hwan gang resort ot a thinly-veiled and crafty ruse to deceive the people and disorganize the democratic ranks by transferring Kim Tae-chung to the United States. Stressing that the demand for Kim Tae-chung's release was not only for his physical freedom but also for the victory of democracy and civil rights and the achievement of independence and a peaceful national reunification, the statement declares: the struggle will not cease till this target is attained. [Text] [SK151605 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1551 GMT 15 Feb 83]

## N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

'NODONG SINMUN' STRESSES THREE REVOLUTIONS

SK150515 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2225 GMT 13 Feb 83

[NODONG SINMUN 14 February essay: "The Three Red Flags"]

[Text] The three red flags are fluttering over our revolutionary ranks marching toward the future with a great ideal and goal for imbuing society with the Chuche idea. The red flags of the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—are today's brilliant symbol of our fatherland struggling and advancing and are a glorious banner. While going through the storm of the revolution, crossing the high, rugged mountains and following the great leader and the party in the passage of time, we have experienced glorious and difficult events. The world's people call our country the fatherland of Chuche, Chollima Korea and the people's Korea. They praise it as a socialist model country. We are proud of this.

We are matchlessly proud to hold in high esteem the great leader Comrade Kim I1-song, leading us now after our 3,000-year-long history, and to follow the great party's leadership.

Our people are carrying out the revolution and advancing toward the future. Our task is to hew out the untrodden road of socialism and communism in order to completely achieve the sovereignty of the people. It is our honor to proudly assume a role as a forerunner in this cause.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song has taught: the cause for the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—set forth by our party is an independent, creative and communist—type revolutionary one. The three red flags of the three revolutions which our party is holding is the greatest banner of the revolution.

The line for the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—is the general line of our party in building socialism and communism. The line for the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions is designed to revolutionize all members of society, to turn them into members of the working class and into intellectuals, to liberate workers from difficult and arduous labor and to develop new communist—type culture.

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The three red flags clearly reflect the sagacious, courageous, authoritative and proud appearance of today's Korea bravely advancing toward daybreak, defying a stormy sea like a torch illuminating the future path of history in a thick fog of the contemporary era. This constitutes the great honor of today's Korea. We are matchlessly proud of this.

1. In the preface of his book in which he sonorously expresses his view on our situation—a view he developed while visiting our country—a foreign writer says: why is it that the entire world pays attention to Korea? Why is it that figures in the political, social and press sectors on five continents are watching this distant country? Many circumstances have contributed toward the fact that, admiring Korea, the entire world pays attention to even a single remark made by it, to all lines and policies it has put forth and to experiences it has attained in building a magnificent, prosperous and modern Korea. There is a good reason why Korea, a small country situated in the edge of the Far East, has become the target of interest and admiration from the world's people. Scores of years before, Korea was an obscure, backward colonial state. Magnificently occupying its position on the arena of history, our country has developed into a dignified self-reliant, independent and self-defending powerful socialist country independently pioneering its own destiny.

The world's people pay attention to and admire our historic struggle to bring about an epochal change in a short span of time, to our matchless heroism and to the immortal achievements and miracles attained and performed in this struggle. Korea's attraction of world attention is not merely because of our unique, heroic past struggle but also because of the presence of a precious new thing which illuminates the future—our today and tomorrow. It is the line for the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions—our party's general line in building socialism and communism—and is the result of the brilliant reality in our country in which this line has been implemented.

There is a renowned pedagogue in a capitalist country, who has devoted his life to education work. Visiting various places in the world, he developed his pedagogic theory and methodology. He is greatly concerned over the fact that mankind's spiritual and moral development lags behind the development in the domains of materials and science and technology. He said that this situation casts a dark shadow over the future of mankind. Since his visit to Korea, he has changed his view of life and ideology. What did he see in Korea?

Before visiting Korea, he had seen the prevalence of the philosophy that the supreme goal of human life is to seek one's own interests and pleasures. In visiting Korea, he saw a revolutionary people who have found the greatest happiness in devoting themselves to the party, the leader, the fatherland and the people. Before his visit to Korea, he had seen the deplorable situation in which there is no morality, fidelity or tenderheartedness among people. In visiting Korea, he saw a matchlessly great revolutionary climate in which society is united into a great harmonious family and in which the party, the leader and the people are fused into a single body based on noble love for comrades and on revolutionary fidelity. In excitement, he saw the magnificent course of remodeling men in which all members of society are being revolutionized and are being turned into members of the working class and into intellectuals.

With warm tears rolling down his cheeks, the old scholar in his 70's said: In Korea, I heard the resonant cheer of lasting victory attained by men--a hopeful surge toward a future society. As long as men possess the Chuche idea and carry out the revolution through the method of the three revolutions as we see in Korea, they can achieve their moral self-fulfillment. Thus, the future of mankind is bright.

As a matter of fact, the victory we have attained through the ideological revolution is most precious—something that we would not exchange for great wealth—and is unique—something that we cannot compare with anything in the world just as Mt. Paektu magnificently towers over many low mountain ridges.

In addition to the ideological revolution, we have won great victories in the technical and cultural revolutions. Under the red flags of the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions, new independent, creative and communist-type things have been every hour of every day. These things may emerge from obscure, mundane places. They may be very small, budding things. However, all these things are fresh and are of historic significance.

There was a news report some time ago that a group of miners at the Kumsan pit in Yongyang distinguished themselves from the status of assistant engineers to that of engineers after graduating from an industrial college, pleasing the people throughout the country. The emergence of a group of intellectuals from among miners, who were once in the lowest strata of society as the most humble workers, is an event showing that our party's policy for filling society with intellectuals has been thoroughly implemented, even in the lower social segment. We can see this phenomenon among the working people throughout the country, including Chongsan-ri, and among fishermen engaged in deep-sea fishing operations.

Such new Chuche-type men as the unheralded heroes have emerged en masse in our country; Chuche art—communist—type art representing the future of the people's art, such as masterpieces of high literary merit and excellent pieces of music—has continuously developed; the new song of automation has been sonorously sung to liberate workers from difficult and arduous labor; differences between cities and rural areas have reduced; and taxes have disappeared. This, a most superior new socialist life has fully blossomed.

Indeed, thanks to the line for the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions and thanks to the presence of the red flags, Korea has brought about a great change in this land after brilliantly solving the question of overcoming centuries—long backwardness in a short span of time. Today, with the spirit of adding the speed battle to Chollima, it is advancing toward a great offensive, upholding the flames of creating the speed of the 80's. It is confidently hewing out the untrodden road of socialism and communism.

This proudly shows that our people possess a great revolutionary line and that they have found a correct path toward the future.

After listening to the great leader's report at the historic sixth party congress on the evaluation of the brilliant victory in the three revolutions in our

country, a state leader from the Third World said in his official speech: What is unique in the dialy life of the DPRK people is their ability to find the correct way to solve questions that other countries cannot easily solve. The theory of the three revolutions, which has brought about social change in Korea, represents what we seek for the future in our country and is of equal significance for developed countries that have similar situations and for developing countries.

Remarks made by many foreign friends on the impression of Korea they gained while visiting it voice sympathy and envy and praise for with, our line on the three revolutions more frequently as days pass. Thus, our hearts swell with pride to possess a great revolutionary line.

The method of pioneering the future and questions concerning truth are urgent questions that many countries in the world are facing. Correct ways are now being sought throughout the world to solve the immediate questions of survival and economy, to pioneer the destiny of the people, to attain development as far as the future is concerned and to advance the revolution. Needless to say, the important thing in socialist and communist construction, designed to build a sole society, are, eventually, questions concerning lines and methods.

A hundred and scores of years have elapsed since the ideal of mankind changed from a dream to science. Today, people have come to understand that victory for communism cannot be so quickly and easily attained as they initially anticipated and that they must overcome many difficulties and trials and accomplish many difficult and complicated tasks to achieve this end. Socialism cannot be automatically achieved following the seizure of power by the working class. Communism cannot be easily and smoothly achieved following the attainment of victory in the socialist revolution. In the course of achieving this end, there will be do-or-die confrontations with desperately resisting imperialists, grim struggles against the enemy at home and abroad and most difficult and complicated tasks to create new independent, creative and communist-type things in all sectors of social life by eliminating old legacies.

What is the basic method of most correctly and quickly carrying out the unprecedentedly creative task of building the paradise of communism—an ideal society in which the sovereignty of the working people is completely achieved? For those countries had, after winning back independence from the past backward colonial or semi-colonial status, are in the process of building a new society, what is the shortcut for quickly advancing toward the ideal society of mankind just as others have done? Our party has discovered and written a prescription on this cause. This is the line for the three ideological, technical and cultural revolutions and the three red flags resplendently fluttering in Korea.

2. The three red flags fluttering over our road are glorious banners overflowing with vigor and demonstrating that our leader and party are great. The lien for the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—is the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song's line and the line of our glorious party.

The greatness of the leader and party of the working class represents the greatness of their ideas and theories and the greatness the lines and policies they have put forth.

The theory that the leader and the party should exist to achieve victory in the revolution and that the people should be led by the leader and the party so that they can pioneer their own destiny is the most precious truth and rule that has been verified not only theoretically but also historically and through the lesson of blood.

This is because the leader and the party clearly indicate a path on which history and the revolution advance without turns, twists, deviations, convulsions, or the recurrence of past errors. This is a path the people should follow.

History and the people always need the leader and the party. Why is it that the people hoarsely called the leader and the party while being bound to the implement of punishment after resisting feudalistic tyranny and while falling, futilely shedding blood, after resisting the iron shackles of the capitalists? Why is it that people look to the leader and the party when they face difficult and complicated situations, when the situation rapidly changes and when their future path becomes dismal? This is because the leader and the party indicate their future path.

When we review history, we see that those peoples who found the path of advance that they should follow and who possessed a correct line enjoyed victories, happiness and honor as forerunners. Those people who failed in this regard suffered all kinds of misfortunes and disasters and were backward and humiliated.

It is fortunate for our people to honorably hold in high esteem the respected and beloved Comrade Kim Il-song, the genius of the revolution and the greatest leader of the working class that mankind has ever produced in its history of several thousand years, and to follow the leadership of the greatest party.

The KWP has become the most renowned party in solving any difficult and complicated question in our contemporary era and in our revolution. The KWP has become a great party that has won absolute confidence and authority from our people and from the world's revolutionary people, because it has not made any mistake or deviation at all in formulating its lines and policies.

The justness and invincible vitality of the line for the three revolutions that has illuminated the path of advance in our contemporary era and has won victory in our country brilliantly demonstrates the sagacious nature and greatness of our party. The ray of the three revolutions is that of the great wisdom of our leader. We cannot grasp through a few attempts the whole aspect of the greatness of the ideological and theoretical activities of the respected and beloved leader, who discovered the truth of the three revolutions for the first time, because these activities are too great and too profound. Through this, we can excitedly see part of the profound wisdom and immeasurably great energy and effort our leader, who has followed such a unique road of study that no other thinker has ever traversed it, exerted in order to lead our people to the untrodden road of socialism and communism to the end.

In his historic policy speech, which brightly illuminated the future path of our people toward communism, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song put forth the famous principle that adding the three revolutions to the people's government creates communism. Since men began expressing their ideas with letters and since the parties of the working class began scientifically predicting the future path of the revolution, using their own theories, there has been no instance in which the profound truth of completely and flawlessly developing the theory on socialist and communist construction has been condensed in a such short sentence as we have seen.

Today when this great principle has been standardized and when the justness of the line for the three revolutions has been verified through practical activities, we need not tediously point out the immeasurably profound, great significance of this principle.

When our leader discovered the truth of the three revolutions for the first time, no one imagined the great innovative significance this truth would have in the course of creating new history.

It is not that the three revolutions have started recently for the first time in our country. Our people vividly remember and excitedly recall the time some 40 years ago shortly after liberation when, upholding, with a single will and intent, the policy for three mass movements initiated by the great leader, the people vigorously took the first step toward building a new fatherland. In the flames of the mass movements for total mobilization for national foundation, for production competition and for eliminating illiteracy, our people received indoctrination for the first time on a new democratic ideology no patriotism by rubbing off the filth of the old ideologies.

The sound of the gong reverberated signalling the launching of the project for the repair of the Potong River, and the sound of the drum echoed to signal the start of the movement for production competition. Thus, the people have gained experiences in the work of remodeling nature in accordance with the requirements of the Chuche idea. Amid the sonorous voices reading in schools in forests, the people emerged from centuries—long ignorance and illiteracy. This was the circumstance in which the great three revolutions were launched.

All the histroic struggles of our people and the epochal changes in this land, including the subsequent chollima movement that shook the world and the great victory in industrialization, were waged, took place and blossomed in this land, following the track of the three revolutions.

We cannot forget the iron-clad will, great passion and effort of the great leader, who, during the historic period when a basic change took place in the destiny of the people and in the position of our fatherland, continuously indoctrinated our people, saying that ideological, technical and cultural reform was a serious revolution and led them along the single road of the three revolutions with the revolutionary spirit of Mt Paektu. Recalling the glorious course of the Korean Revolution, we cannot but admire the wisdom and keen insight of our leader who, when people wandered about in a thick fog, led them to the single road of the three revolutions by lifting the curtain of the contemporary era and by having a clear foresight into the course of history. How

can we compare the greatness of the wisdom of our leader to anything in the world?

The hot wind of the three revolutions whirling in this land represents the great passion of our glorious party—a resplendent guiding star in communist construction—and is the precious fruition of its energetic ideological and theoretical activities.

How is it that the three red flags are vigorously fluttering in this land? How is it that the fiery wind of the three revolutions is fiercely whirling in this land and that the roaring sound of these revolutions are continously echoing here? The falmes of the three revolutions blazing in our country were not spontaneous. We cannot imagine these revolutions without the many creative plans of our party and its profound and creative ideological and theoretical policies for grasping the line for the three revolutions—the line of the great leader—as its general line for developing these revolutions into a pan—national mass movement and for continuously promoting and expanding them.

The three revolutions, which were launched 10 years ago by our party as a new-type powerful method of guiding the revolution, have developed into a method for breaking through the barriers that hinder their advance, into a lasting revolutionary fuse and into a forerunner powerfully forging ahead with these revolutions.

The torch of the movement to win the red flags of the three revolutions lit by our party in Komdok and Chongsan-ri spread through the country like a prairie fire, making these revolutions—very high—level ones working toward communism—firmly take root in this land and developing them into the task of scores of millions of people, into something firmly taking a place in the minds of our people and into an uncontrollable, surging trend.

If we compiled in a book the story of the movement to follow and learn from the unheralded heroes, which, moving many people, powerfully vitalized the work of reforming our idea and man; the torch raised in the Hwanghae Steel Mill, which spread throughout the country with the new song of automation; the great communist—type humanism and the immortal theory on film, which ushered in the magnificent era of renaissance in the 20th century; and the many unique ideas, theories, policies and plans our party set forth to remodel nature, society and man under the revolutionary slogans "let us make ideologies, technology and culture comply with the requirements of Chuche" and "let us carry out production activities, study and live in accordance with the requirements of Chuche," we would have compiled an encyclopedia on socialist and communist construction.

This revolutionary library, the encyclopedia that would contain all the questions about carrying out the three revolutions, including the questions of building the party and of construction work in the political, economic and cultural sectors, would be full of unique ideas, profound truths and excellent principles. Thus, vividly looming before us is a fully developed and completely systematized theory on the three revolutions—the development of the theory on socialist and communist construction following the establishment of the socialist system with the detailed explanation of the principle and the method for the cause. Together with the Chuche idea, this constitutes the greatest discovery in our contemporary era and shines as an immortal ideological and theoretical achievement that we have attained for the revolution.

The history of mankind is that of a continuous struggle to protect the sovereignty of the people. While people were developing science, technology and culture and conquering nature, there were memorable salient eras of change and creation in the history of the struggle in which slaves resisted their masters under the red flags of the revolution—the red flag of the struggle—in which serfs resisted feudalistic tyranny and in which the working class applied an iron hammer to the capitalist citadel. In this course, there have been thinkers, fore—runners, heroes and artistic masters.

Our cause for socialist and communist construction, which requires the combination of great theories and great practical activities, an indomitably strong will, strong practical power and encyclopedic knowledge, awaited the appearance of an unprecedentedly great ideological and theoretical master, the master of leadership and the master of creation. Such a great master is our leader, and such a great party is our glorious party.

3. The three red flags are a lasting revolutionary banner that our glorious party has firmly grasped while leading Korea to a bright future and is the banner of the firm will of our people to carry out the revolution, following the party.

A just line takes root in reality, blossoms and bear fruits by the iron-clad, consistent will of the working-class party of follow this line. In the revolutionary struggle, it is no less important to consistently follow a correct line than to formulate it. When the party fails to consistently follow a good line, this line fails to effectively function, undergoing revision and distortion and losing the way that it found with difficulty.

An invariable creed and consistency in implementing its lines and policies are the important characteristics of our glorious party. Our party has firmly grasped the line for the three revolutions—the revolutionary line of the great leader—as a shortcut toward implementing the program for imbuing society with the Chuche idea and for completing the Chuche revolutionary cause.

The only line for the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—is the sole path of advance that we should follow. It is the unswerving, iron—clad will and absolute belief of our party that the three revolutions should remain as the three revolutions forever.

The road of the three revolutions is an untrodden one that we are following for the first time. On this road, we might fact difficulties, trials and unexpected storms. How eloquently today's situation tells that protecting the banner of the revolution to the end during the period of building sociaism and communism is far more difficult than upholding this banner during the period of the fierce struggle to smash the old system!

Our national territory has been divided and we are constantly confronted with the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea. There are few countries that have faced such a situation while building socialism. However, the more difficult and complicated the situation has become and the more vast and challenging the task looming before us, the more tenaciously our party has advanced along the road indicated by a scientific theory to achieve the victory of the just

program it has set forth and the higher it has upheld the three red flags--the banner of the revolution.

This is proven by the fact that when we were assigned the difficult and vast task of implementing the decision of the historic fifth party congress, the party initiated the three revolutions team movement and that, when we were assigned the urgent task of correctly making preparations for a great revolutionary event and of accelerating socialist and communist construction to the maximum, it initiated the movement to win the red flags of the three revolutions. This is also proven by our party's consistent policy saying that the important key to creating the speed of the 1980's today to bring about a new, great upsurge is to more firmly grasp this movement.

The consistency of our party is reflected in the fact that it has followed the line and policy it has adopted to the end without wavering no matter what storm and thunder it has faced, that it has pursued this cause no matter what mountains or mud flats have blocked its advance course, that it has solved all difficult and complicated questions and that it has accomplished and work it has decided to complete. The consistency of our party is reflected in its traditional nature, with which it has valued its own, has made a positive effort to develop all things created in our won style and has protected them forever generation after generation.

From the iron-clad will and consistency of our party, our people foresee the victory of the three revolutions. They confidently view the greatness of our party as the guide of communist construction.

Holding aloft the three red flags, our party is determined to lead our people to the end of the paradise of communism in which society is imbued with the Chuche idea. Our people are firmly determined to invariably follow the party under these flags held by the party, no matter how far this course may be and to carry out the revolution to the end, following the party.

The spirit of our people, who are willing to carry out the revolution, to struggle and to work, is overflowing everywhere. Look at the workers in Kimchon who raised a beaconfire of creating the speed of the 80's--the new chollima speed-upholding the appeal of the party! Look at the heroic rolled steel workers in Kangson who marked a new record of 1 million tons with the same blooming mills that were producing 60,000 tons in 1956 by reforming ideology, technology and culture! Look at the miners of Anju who are effecting great upsurges in coal production tightly grasping the rock drill like a machine gun, in deep underground mine galleries in the spirit with which they would mete out stern punishment against the enemies if provoked, heartily upholding the order of the respected comrade supreme commander declaring a semi-war state to counter the enemies' military provocation maneuvers! Look at the Vinalon producers who normalized production at a high level with an attitude worthy of masters responsible for promoting the people's living standard and by a mass technical renovation movement, and who marked the greatest record in (?production)!

Look at the heroic construction workers Sin Komdok who are advancing to attain the target of 1.5 million tons of non-ferrous metal, demonstrating the spirit of Korea in the 80's and upholding the three red flags on the cold hills more than 1,200 meters high! Look at the passionate and loyal young constructors in Nampo sluice gate, who are vigorously implementing the great ideal that "rice is communism" with the spirit of absoluteness and unconditionality to the party's policy!

You will see everywhere the site of combat to win the red banner of three revolutions and you will witness brilliant activities carried out by our three revolutions team members who are the flag-bearers and vanguards of our revolution. Overwhelming in all places of this land, where the three red flags of ideology, technology and culture are vigorously flying, are the surging faith and will to remain loyal to the party to the end on the road of the three revolutions.

Unswerving conviction and consistency in fulfilling the party's line and policy were the cause of our victory in the past and will be the cause of our permanent victory in the future, too.

Our people had to suffer disgrace for a long time as backward people when we had neither leader nor party. We had to endure difficulties, misfortunes and twists without our own correct guiding ideology and line. Various ideas, theories and books of other peoples flooded this land. However, we sent nothing out from this land. We had to ask other people even about how we should advance. We had to follow the road that the other people passed 200 or 300 years ago. This was Korea's situation of the past. When other peoples were carrying out the industrial and bourgeois revolutions, boasting of such civilized facilities as trains, our people slowly walked a long way with kat hat on their heads or traveled on donkeys, thus recording a disgraceful history.

Our revolution was hindered by the deep-rooted evils of flunkeyism, of blindly following the other people. However, today we need not ask other people about the road we should advance on. We know very well about the road we should advance on. We do not have to ask anyone about anything.

We have the line of the three revolutions—the line of the great leader and our party. It is a permanent revolutionary way for us to advance. The three red flags will give us victory, glory and everlasting prosperity and happiness. These flags will give our friends encouragement and conviction while spreading anxiety and terror to our enemies. Our people will advance in firm unity under any adversity by upholding these flags under the guidance of the glorious party. We will bring the paradise of communism—the ideal of mankind—to this land by achieving the programs of the great Comrade Kim Il—song without fail.

CSO: 4110/029

## N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

## S. KOREAN PEOPLE REVERE KIM CHONG-IL

SK150548 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0435 GMT 15 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)—Boundless reverence for and feelings of loyalty to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il are growing more intense among South Korean people with each passing day.

At a meeting of members of a group for the study of the chuche idea which was held at a university in Seoul some time ago, a student surnamed Kim said: As there is the dear leader Mr Kim Chong-il, successor to the revolutionary cause of General Kim Il-song, we have the honour of holding two great leaders in high esteem in one generation.

The dear leader Mr Kim Chong-il is a peerlessly great man who is possessed of outstanding ideas and theories and mastered the art of leadership and a distinguished person with a rare knowledge and noble virtues.

As it holds the dear leader Mr Kim Chong-il in high esteem as the successor to the revolutionary cause of the general, our nation has a brighter and shining future.

A journalist surnamed Choe residing in Songdong District, Seoul, who had visited a foreign country some time ago, said to a university professor who called on him at his house: What most deeply moved me during my travel was the fact that a great many people of the world boundlessly respect and revere Mr Kim Chong-il who assists the great general Kim Il-song in his work.

I felt more deeply the pride and honor of being born as a Korean. The history of our nation is said to span 5,000 years. But never in its history has there been a bright future as today.

Indeed, it is the greatest pride and happiness of our nation to hold Mr Kim Chong-il in high esteem.

During my travel abroad, I got a deeper understanding of the imperishable exploits performed by the dear leader Mr Kim Chong-il in leading the revolution and construction, he said, and stressed: Mr Kim Chong-il is indeed a genius of leadership who adds lustre to the dignity of our nation in the world.

A worker at a newspaper office in Seoul said with joy: Mr Kim Chong-il successfully leads the party and state affairs, fully personifying in himself the wisdom and personality of the general.

Bright indeed is the future of the nation.

An inhabitant in Inchon said with deep excitement: It is the greatest joy, honor and happiness of our nation to have the sagacious leader.

The bright future of the fatherland is promised.

Today our nation enjoys the highest glory.

I feel new strength welling in me.

A Pak, a 3d-year student of the liberal arts and sciences college of Pusan University, while arguing about the guiding idea of the revolution with his colleagues who called at his house, said: All the people in the north are leading an equally happy life under the guidance of Mr Kim Chong-il who is upholding the intentions of General Kim Il-song.

As we have the dear leader Mr Kim Chong-il, the reunification of the country and the development and prosperity of our nation are firmly guaranteed.

cso: 4100/118

## N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

'KCNA' CITES FOREIGN PRAISE OF KIM CHONG-IL

SK120412 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0354 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)—Today the progressive people and broad public circles of the world highly praise the dear leader of the Korean people Comrade Kim Chong—il as a great thinker and theoretician of the era of chuche and a sagacious leader who is possessed of outstanding leadership ability and noble virtues.

Admiring the brilliant feats performed by him in his ideological and theoretical activities and in the revolution and construction, a large number of personages and press circles of the world stress that the revolutionary cause of the Korean people guided by him is invincible.

Sayed Zillur Rahman, general director of Shilpakala Academy of Bangladesh who visited Korea last year, said: While visiting Korea I acquainted myself better with the tireless, energetic activities and art of leadership of the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il.

He is the symbol of Korean future who personally carries forward the cause of the great President Kim Il-song and is bringing it into bloom.

In an article titled "The Immortal August Name Shining Over the World," E. S. Mushi, professor of the Dar es Salaam National Educational College of Tanzania, had this to say: "Kim Chong-il, Kim Chong-il."

His immortal August name is powerfully echoing everywhere in the world as a pronoun of optimism for the future and pride.

With his natural character of brilliant intelligence and energetic research he has mastered the chuche philosophy and is making an imperishable contribution to the Korean Revolution and the world revolution.

Under his tested leadership today the Korean Revolution and construction are being pushed forward at a new high speed and the whole country is vivacious with youthful mettle and vigor.

T. B. Mukherjee, president of the Asian Regional Institute of the chuche idea and deputy director general of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea,

said that the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il is the genius of the revolution and construction who is possessed of outstanding leadership.

He further said: The art of leadership of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is a tested one in which that of the great President Kim Il-song has been wholly inherited and developed.

He always believes in the strength of the popular masses, warmly awakens them and arouses their revolutionary enthusiasm so that they may push through manifold difficulties.

Ever-victorious is the revolutionary cause of chuche started by President Kim II-song and led by the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il.

Juan Munoz Valverde, member of the Central Committee of the National Liberation Party of Costa Rica, said: The dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il is a genius of architecture and art and a great genius who wisely guides the revolution and construction in all fields.

How wonderful the future of Korea is and how bright the future of the Korean people is, who are guided by such a sagacious person, having him as the successor to the great leader.

Radio Mali reported: The dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il leads the revolutionary cause of chuche along the road of brilliant victory with a perfect grasp on the immortal chuche idea.

Ever-victorious are the Korean people who hold in high esteem the great leader His Excellency Kim Il-song whom the world people revere and the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il who is the heir to the chuche cause.

## N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

## KIM CHONG-IL RECEIVES NEW YEAR GREETINGS

SK141114 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1058 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il received congratulatory messages and letters from various countries on the occasion of the new year.

Messages or letters came from: The chairman of the study group of the Nigeria Union of Teachers Lagos State Wing on the chuche idea and the works of President Kim Il-song;

All the members of the group for the study of Kim Il-songism of Latin Americans in Drammen, Norway;

The chief of the Lebanese women's group for the study of Kim Il-songism;

The chief of the group for the study of Kim Il-songism of Liaqat road district, Rawalpindi, Pakistan;

The chief of the group for the study of the chuche idea of Comrade Kim Il-song in Christianshavn, Denmark;

The chairman of the Finnish society for the study of the chuche idea who is director of the board of the International Institute of the Chuche Idea;

The chairman of the Central Committee of the Bangladesh Self-reliance Reliance Academy;

The chief of the group for the study of the chuche idea of Comrade Kim Il-song in West Africa;

All the members of the group for the scientific study of great Kim Il-songism of Sierra Leone;

The chairman of the committee of the chuche philosophy study of India;

The chief of the Luxemburg group for the study of the ever-victorious chuche idea of Comrade Kim Il-song;

The president of the French action committee to support the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea;

The secretary general of the committee for the reunification of Korea in Peru;

The Yemen Association for the Friendship with Korea and support of Korea's reunification:

The chairman of the Pakistan committee for supporting the proposal to found the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo;

The chairman of the Peru-Korea Institute of Culture and Friendship;

The chairman of the Vaasa branch of the Finland-Korea Association; and other groups for the study of the chuche idea and organisations for friendship and solidarity with the Korean people in various countries.

Congratulatory messages or letters also came from: The president of the Senegalese peace movement committee;

The chairman of the Austrian jurists union for the defense of democracy and human rights in South Korea;

The vice-chairman of the special committee for measures on the Korean affairs of the Japan Socialist Party;

The chief of the press section of the international atomic energy agency;

The general director of industrial and technical research of the Central African Republic;

The technical director of the people's newspaper, the organ of the Belgian Socialist Party;

The general director of the Ghana News Agency; and other international organisations and personages of political, social and press circles of various countries.

#### TANZANIAN PAPER PRAISES KIM CHONG-IL

SK161343 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0807 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Dar es Salaam, 15 February (KCNA)—The Tanzanian paper MFANYA KAZI 12 February carried a special write—up under the title "Spirit of Korea indicating the road to the construction of a revolutionary party of chuche type" on the occasion of the birthday of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il.

The paper printed a photograph of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il going round the newly built tower of chuche idea.

It carried a detailed summary of the second part of "the Workers' Party of Korea is a chuche-type revolutionary party which inherited the glorious tradition of the DIU," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the presidium of the political bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

In the preface the paper says: The Korean people is today greeting the glorious holiday of February, accelerating their advance towards the high eminence of communism, the supreme ideal of mankind, under the guidance of a chuche-type revolutionary party.

The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il inheriting the revolutionary cause started by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is further strengthening and developing the WPK into a revolutionary party of chuche type.

From the first day he took charge of the party work, the dear leader directed his theoretical study and thinking especially to the question of the party construction and thereby further deepened and developed the theory of the party construction onto a higher level, as required by a new stage in realizing the modelling of the whole of society on the chuche idea.

He gave encyclopaedic, profound answers to all problems arising in the building of a revolutionary party of chuche type such as the problems of the central tasks and ways of establishing the monolithic ideological system of the party, of imbuing the whole of society with the chuche idea, of the fundamental principles and ways of strengthening the leadership over the revolution and construction and of effecting a new change in the party work system and work

method. As a result, a great guiding compass has been provided to help the peoples of countries making revolution to build a revolutionary and militant party and consolidate it into an invincible detachment and the most correct path was illumined to victoriously carry on the revolutionary struggle and the construction work under the guidance of a leader.

# FOREIGN FIGURES CALL KIM CHONG-IL ONLY SUCCESSOR

SK160548 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--The revolutionary people of the world are unanimous in highly praising the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il as the only successor to the revolutionary cause started by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, saying that the Korean people making revolution under the guidance of the dear leader are the most proud and happiest people.

Shoichi Yokobori, general secretary of the Chiba, Japan, society for the study of the chuche idea, pointed out that the problem of inheriting the revolutionary cause is a weighty importance decisive of the destiny of the revolution. He said: It can be said that the history of the international communist movement does not know an instance in which the task of carrying forward and developing the revolutionary cause was correctly carried out.

But in Korea the problem of the heir to the revolutionary cause was brilliantly solved by holding Comrade Secretary Kim Chong-il in high esteem as the successor to the cause of chuche.

Lawyer of Mauritius Asdul Rasim Bedasi noted: "It was the unanimous desire of the Korean people to carry forward the revolutionary cause of chuche under the guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, holding him in high esteem."

Syrian writer and journalist Mohamad al-Messti in his book titled "Brilliant Inheritance of the Cause of Kim Il-songism" wrote: "While touring various places and conversing with many people during my visit to Korea, I felt with deep admiration in various respects that dear Comrade Kim Chong-il is a man who is perfectly possessed of extraordinary wisdom, outstanding leadership ability, noble virtues and the personality and qualities of a great leader who is capable of inheriting and carrying to accomplishment the great cause of Kim Il-songism."

L. Camara, director of the political department in charge of economic relations of the permanent secretariat of the Guinean Democratic Party, stressed: "All the noteworthy events in Korea, a world-startling great change in literature and art, leap and innovation in the great battle for socialist construction and the grand nature-remaking projects hitherto unknown to humanity--all these are the brilliant fruition of the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Chong-il constantly inheriting and developing the chuche idea and applying it to life."

The chief of the Kim Il-songism youth study group of India remarked: All the signal successes achieved in Korea today are unthinkable apart from the meticulous guidance and solicitude of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il along with the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

To have the brilliant lodestar together with the great sun is the greatest fortune, pride, honour and glory of the Korean people which no other country, no other nation has ever enjoyed.

Thorsteinn Helgason, a teacher of a senior middle school in Iceland, stressed: Korea is the only country in the world which is overflowing with optimism, vigor and fighting spirit because she has her leader in the person of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The Korean people holding His Excellency Kim Chong-il, the dear leader, in high esteem as their great guide is the happiest people in the world.

KIM CHONG-IL WORK ON REVOLUTIONARY SITES NOTED

SK161355 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1016 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)—Many working people and school youth and children of Korea are making excursions to the revolutionary battle sites in Mt Paektu.

Their number has already exceeded ten million.

Mt Paektu is a holy mountain of revolution, 2,750 metres high above the sea level, located on the northwestern tip of Samjiyon County, Yanggang Province, the northermost area of Korea.

The mountain bears brilliant, imperishable footmarks of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song who waged the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle to bring the new dawn of national liberation, holding aloft the banner of chuche.

Around the mountain there are many revolutionary battle sites and historic sites including barrage No 5, Chong Hill, Konchang, Pegae Hill, Lake Samji and Mupo through which the great leader, personally commanding the main unit of the Korean people's revolutionary army, marched into the homeland in May 1939, These sites form a huge open-air museum.

The excursion to the revolutionary battle sites around Mt Paektu where the Korean revolution started was arranged by the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The dear leader raised it as a fundamental problem decisive of the destiny of the revolution to defend and safeguard and brilliantly inherit and develop the revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and formed and directed a march to the battle sites from Pochonbo to the ridges of Mt Paektu via the Lake Samji.

Through the march to the revolutionary battle sites working people and school youth and children acquire a deep knowledge of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's brilliant revolutionary history, wise leadership and noble virtues and learn from the fighting spirit of the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters who fought devotedly in the sacred struggle for the country and the people to make this spirit their faith.

cso: 4100/118

#### NEPALESE SEMINAR CELEBRATES KIM CHONG-IL BIRTHDAY

SK160505 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0344 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--A "seminar on the 41st birthday of His Excellency Kim Chong-il, the dear leader of the Korean people," was held in Nepal on 5 February.

A portrait of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il was placed on the platform of the seminar hall.

Present there were Govinda Man Singh Adhikari, assistant minister of education, Ram K. Karmacharya, chairman of the Patan District committee of the Nepal peace committee, B. Shakya, chairman of the Nepalese committee for defending human rights, and many other prominent public figures.

The speakers extended best wishes and felicitations to His Excellency Kim Chong-il, the dear leader, on his 41st birthday.

They said: His Excellency Kim Chong-il, the dear leader, born in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle for the country's liberation, is a great thinker and theoretician who has perfectly grasped the chuche idea of his excellency respected President Kim Il-song, a great guide who is leading the Korean people's struggle for socialist and communist construction to victory and an outstanding successor to the revolutionary cause of chuche.

His Excellency Kim Chong-il is a genuine leader of the people who always shares weal and woe with the people in directing the party and state affairs as a whole and a leader possessed of noble virtues and personality, they noted, and said: Bright indeed is the future of Korea under the guidance of his excellency the great President Kim Il-song and His Excellency Kim Chong-il, the dear leader.

The speakers sincerely wished His Excellency Kim Chong-il, the dear leader, a long life in good health for the greater advance and prosperity of Korea.

A congratulatory message to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il was adopted at the seminar.

cso: 4100/118

DAILY FLAYS COURT DECISION ON STUDENTS' APPEAL

SK121708 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1537 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique at a verdict trial held at the puppet supreme court turned down the appeal of four former students of Kangwon University in South Korea, and confirmed prison terms passed on them.

In this connection a signed commentary of Minju Choson today says: As already reported, the fascist hangmen arrested four students of the university including a student surnamed Hong who scattered anti-U.S., anti-"government" leaflets in the campus and burnt a U.S. flag in April last year and passed prison terms upon them up to 2 years and 6 months after brutal persecution on charges of violation of the "National Security Law" and other draconic laws. And this time, in defiance of the strong protest and denunciation of the students and people, they confirmed the prison terms already passed on the four students.

This is a malicious challenge to the patriotic people who turned out to retake national dignity and sovereignty and an unpardonable crime against the nation.

The burning of a U.S. flag by the Kangwon University students was an explosion of their pent-up wrath and resentment against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and an expression of legitimate resistance against the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and policy of colonial enslavement.

The Kangwon University students' scattering of anti-U.S. leaflets and burning of an accursed U.S. flag were a righteous action reflecting the will of the nation. This action can never be a "crime" or an object of punishment.

This notwithstanding, the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique inflicted harsh penalties upon the students who did the patriotic act, what can be more vicious act of treachery than this?

The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique engrossed in suppressing and murdering fellow countrymen and in treachery, while kowtowing to the outside forces, is bound to meet a stern judgement of the people.

#### CHONGNYON LEADER SEEKS PRISONER RELEASE IN SOUTH

SK120354 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0343 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Tokyo, 10 February (KNS-KCNA)--Yi Kye-paek, vice-chairman of the central standing committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), made public a talk on 10 February denouncing the fascist outrage of the Chon Tu-hwan clique in imposing prison terms upon students of South Korean Kangwon University who had burned down the U.S. flag in their anti-U.S. demonstration.

He said: The act of these students who burned the U.S. imperialists', "Stars and Stripes" which represents the dirty history of aggression, war and murder is a patriotic and heroic act reflecting the unanimous will of the entire South Korean people who hate the U.S. imperialists aggressors and demand the withdrawal of their troops.

As the patriotic students who set fire to the "American Cultural Centre" in Pusan said, this "is a deserved punishment to the crimes committed by the U.S. imperialists in this land for nearly 40 years."

Noting that the Chon Tu-hwan clique recently committed this fascist outrage after passing capital punishment and heavy penalties upon Mun Pu-sik and others involved in the arson at the "American Cultural Centre" in Pusan, Vice-Chairman Yi Kye-paek pointed out that such repressive outrage was perpetrated entirely on the instructions of the U.S. imperialists.

He stressed: The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique should give up the criminal murderous trials, immediately release the patriotic students and all the political prisoners who have been illegally imprisoned and step down from "power" at once as required by the people.

#### BRIEFS

CHUCHE GROUP FORMED—Dar es Salaam, 12 February (KCNA)—The inaugural meeting of the Arusha group for the study of the chuche idea was held on 2 February in Arusha, Tanzania, on the occasion of the birthday of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il. M. G. Liheta, teacher of the Arusha international school, made a report on the inauguration of the group for the study of the chuche idea. Pointing out that the immortal chuche idea founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song is the only guiding idea of the present time, the reporter stressed: Today studying the chuche idea has become a basic trend of the whole world, not confined to any single country or any single region. A letter to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il was adopted at the meeting. [Text] [SK140348 [Text] [SK140348 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 14 Feb 83]

CHONG-IL TREATISE ON BIRTHDAY--New Delhi, 13 February (KCNA)--The PTI News Agency of India on 10 February reported "the Workers' Party of Korea is a chuche-type revolutionary party which inherited the glorious tradition of the DIU," a treatise of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the presidium of the political bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea. In the beginning the news agency notes that it introduces an immortal treatise of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il on his significant birthday it says: In this treatise he gave a lucid analysis of the historical roots of the working-class party and theoretical and practical problems arising in the course of founding the party. His treatise "The Workers' Party of Korea is a chuche-type revolutionary party which inherited the glorious tradition of the DIU" is a guideline for the founding of a new-type revolutionary party in the present period. [Text] [SK160437 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2205 GMT 15 Feb 83]

INDIAN CHUCHE SEMINAR—Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)—Seminars were held in India "On the chuche idea," an immortal classic treatise of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il, and on his greatness on the occasion of the 41st birthday of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il, according to a report. Portraits of the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il were placed on the platforms of the seminar halls. A congratulatory message to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong—il was adopted at a seminar on the treatise "On the Chuche Idea." Speeches were made by B. N. Kaul, chief of the Indian group for the study of the chuche idea, and others. The speakers said in unison that the treatise published by dear His Excellency Kim Chong—il provides the people with the most correct world outlook. At a seminar on the greatness of the dear leader, a report was delivered by Om Prakash Mantri, secretary general

of the all India Indo-Korean Friendship Association, and then speeches were made. The reporter and speakers were unanimous in highly praising the immortal ideological and theoretical exploits performed by the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, his outstanding and tested leadership in the revolution and construction and his noble communist virtues. They wholeheartedly wished the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il a long life in good health. [Text] [SK150553 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0444 GMT 15 Feb 83]

PREPARATIONS FOR LOCAL ELECTIONS—Pyongyang, 13 February (KCNA)—Preparations for the elections of deputies to the city and county people's assemblies are making successful progress all over the country. Constituency and subconstituency election committees for elections to the city and county people's assemblies have been organised and put into operation in accordance with the regulations on the elections of deputies to the people's assemblies of all levels of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK131027 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1022 GMT 13 Feb 83]

PUNISHMENT ON STUDENTS REPORTED—Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)—The puppet supreme court, at the verdict trial on an appeal on 9 February, confirmed prison terms passed on four students of Kangwon University, South Korea, who had burnt the U.S. "Stars and Stripes" in their anti-U.S. struggle, according to a report. They waged a bold struggle, burning the hateful "Stars and Stripes" in a campus demonstration on 22 April last year, while scattering anti-U.S., anti-"government" leaflets, in token of their protest to the U.S. imperialist aggressors. The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique arrested these four students who participated in the anti-U.S. struggle by involing the notorious "national security law" and the "law on assembly and demonstration" and put them to brutal persecution and tortures before sentencing them to prison terms up to 2 years and 6 months. [Text] [SK110536 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 11 Feb 83]

STUDENT STRUGGLE--Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--The South Korean puppet minister of education on 9 February called together university presidents and college rectors from all parts of South Korea and croaked that the present "fixed number of graduates system" would be maintained, threatening some universities and facilities failing to strictly abide by it with administrative discipline, according to a report. Noting that the students are expected to constantly wage the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and for national reunification under condition of the country's division, he threateningly declared that this "will never be tolerated." The Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique already resort to such threat and blackmail to head off the anti-U.S., anti-fascist action of the students with the approach of March and April known as a season of resistance in South Korea. [Text] [SK121036 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1006 GMT 12 Feb 83]

COOP FARMERS EXPRESS WRATH AT U.S. AGGRESSORS

SK091035 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1021 GMT 9 Feb 83

["Co-Op Farmers Shake With Anger"--KCNA headline]

[Text] Pyongyang, 9 February (KCNA)--Upon receiving the report of the Supreme Command of the Korean People's Army on entering into a state of semiwar, agricultural working people find it hard to repress bitter hatred and wrath at the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the inveterate enemy of our people.

An Song-pok, chairman of the management board of the Sangpal cooperative farm in Mundok County, said: Our agricultural working people are doing all work in a revolutionary way to suit the semiwar state, unshakably resolved to wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors at one blow, if they venture an attack.

He further said: If the U.S. imperialist aggressors ignite a new war in our country, defying the unanimous desire of our people and the world people for peace and chajusong (independence), they will suffer an annihilating blow. Our people do not want war, but are never afraid of it.

We will hasten farming preparations at present in a revolutionary way, keeping outselves in full combat readiness to smash any war provocative acts of the enemy in time and, if he unleashed an aggressive war against our country, we will promptly meet him and mete out a stern punishment to him.

Yi Chun-kun, chairman of the management board of the Yoldusamchon cooperative farm, said: A danger of another war is assailing our country owing to the new war provocation acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, we have turned out as one man in farming preparations in the spirit and mettle with which we ensured wartime agricultural production in the period of the fatherland liberation war in hearty response to the order of respected comrade supreme commander.

Mun Myong-hwa, chairman of the management board of the Taesong cooperative farm, evinced the determination to hasten the present farming preparations, saying that the cooperative farmers are filled with the resolve to defend and guard the great leader and the party with their own lives politically and ideologically and fight for the fatherland and people.

#### FARMERS VOICE READINESS TO DEFEND COUNTRY

SK051033 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1016 GMT 05 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 5 February (KCNA)--Upon receiving the report of the Supreme Command of the Korean People's Army, the cooperative farmers across the country are burning with a surging hatred for the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique and filled with the firm determination to defend the socialist fatherland like an impregnable wall against the enemy's aggression.

Kim Won-kyu, chairman of the managerial board of the Saegil cooperative farm, Sinchon County, said: The frantic war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique have created a critical situation which may lead to the outbreak of a war any moment in our country. The order of respected comrade supreme commander issued under this situation is a self-defensive measure to safeguard the sovereignty of our people against the enemy's aggression and a legitimate measure reflecting the unanimous desire of the world's people for peace.

Upholding his order, we will organise all work in a revolutionary way to suit a semiwar state and work in a militant way. We are watching with heightened revolutionary vigilance the enemy's war provocation manoeuvres and are firmly determined to defeat the enemy if he dare pounce upon us and thus demonstrate the honor of heroic Korea to the world once again.

Pak Yong, a member of the Majon cooperative farm, Sinuiju, expressed his resolve to make full preparations to rush to the battlefield at any time to crush the enemy in wholehearted response to the order of the party and the leader, while making thorough-going farming preparations in a more tense and mobilized posture as required by the prevailing situation.

#### WORKER PLEDGES TO PREPARE FOR WARTIME PRODUCTION

SK070421 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0407 GMT 7 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 7 February (KCNA)—The working people all over the country, upon receiving the order of respected comrade supreme commander to go into a state of semiwar, are unshakably determined to take a thousand—fold revenge upon the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, if the latter dare come in an attack.

Kim Hak-chol, merited furnaceman of the Kim Chaek Iron Works, said that the situation in our country has reached a very dangerous stage where a war may break out any moment owing to the frantic new war provocation moves of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique.

He further said: However desperately they may try to provoke a new war, they can never shake our people closely united around the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. We steel workers of the Kim Chaek Iron Works will organise all work in a revolutionary way to suit the semi-war state and firmly guard the steel front in a more strained and mobilised posture.

Yi Chun-hwa, workshop head of the Hungnam fertilizer complex, said: He will reliably defend our work site, which has been turned into a mighty chemical fertilizer production base of the country under the wise leadership of the great leader and the dear leader and, for the present, make full preparations for continued production in wartime in a strained and mobilised posture.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must not forget that if they venture another war of aggression, they will meet their destruction under a crushing blow by the powerful independent national economy and self-reliant defence capabilities and the invincible might of our people united rock-firm around the party and the leader.

U Hong-ki, director of the Sariwon Textile Mill, said: If the enemy start a war again, we will destroy him at one blow and firmly defend the socialist fatherland. Now the workers of our mill are hastening production with the unshakable determination to take a thousand-fold revenge upon the enemy, if he pounce upon us.

Kim Chong-nin, member of the Yongbong cooperative farm in Mangyongdae District, said: While pulling our full weight on the farming preparations at present, we will get ready to knock down the enemy at one blow, if he venture an attack on us. A member of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards, I will hurl myself into a strained training and build up an each a-match-for-one-hundred giant's strength to go out to the sacred battle to crush the enemy any time the party and leader call me.

Kim Tal-suk, head of the machine workteam of the Hwangju County farm machine station, said: If the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique dare ignite a new war, defying the unanimous will and demand of the Korean people and the world peace-loving people, we will mete out a stern punishment to the enemy. We are fully prepared to drive tanks, instead of tractors, to the site of the decisive battle, when the party calls us, and destroy the enemy at one stroke.

Chong Ui-myong, a member of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards, declared that the members of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards are fully prepared to wipe out the enemy at one sweep, if he dare fall upon us. If the U.S. imperialist aggressors, oblivious of the bitter lesson of the Korean war, again provoke a war, they will be burnt to death in the flames they themselves kindled.

## VARIOUS MEETINGS Held TO ENSURE COMBAT POSTURE

SK100534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 10 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 10 February (KCNA)—Meetings are being held in succession at commissions and ministries of the administration council, industrial establishments and cooperative farms to take a thorough combat posture of mobilisation and effect a great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction by intensifying the drive for increased production and economy as required by the state of semi-war, in hearty response to the order of Comrade Kim Il—song, respected supreme commander.

Similar meetings were held at the fishery commission, the Ministry of Chemical Industry, the Pukchang thermal power plant, the Yongdung Coal Mine, the Sinuiju Textile Mill and the Yongsan cooperative farm.

Referring to the order of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song, supreme commander of the Korean People's Army, dated 1 February, the reporters and speakers stressed that it is a most justifiable self-defensive measure representing the firm stand and determination of our revolutionary armed forces and entire Korean people to defend the sovereignty of the nation and the socialist fatherland from the aggression of the enemy.

Noting that the U.S. imperialist aggressors have frantically started the "Team Spirit 83" war exercises, the largest in scale in history, to frighten our people with a military threat and occupy the whole of Korea by a surprise forestalling attack on the northern half of the republic, they said that this is nothing but a foolish daydream. Our people will never allow the U.S. imperialist aggressors to invade an inch of the inviolable soil of our fatherland, but answer the enemy's attack with a counter-attack and his total war with a total war, they declared.

They evinced the resolve to intensify the drive for increased production and economy in compliance with the demand of the state of semi-war and store enough reserve materials, organise work under a meticulous plan to continue production in case of emergency and, for the present, to vigorously wage the drive for creating the "speed of the 80s" in order to beat the yearly targets before 10 October and fulfill the second 7-year plans by the end of the year ahead of schedule.

cso: 4100/118

MEETINGS HELD ON SEMI-WAR STATE, CONSTRUCTION

SK121040 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--Meetings were held at offices, industrial establishments and cooperative farms to thoroughly take a militant posture of mobilization as required by a semi-war state and effect a great revolutionary upsurge to socialist construction by intensifying the drive for increased production and economy, in hearty response to the order of respected Comrade Kim I1-song, the supreme commander.

The reporters and speakers at the meetings said that the 1 February order of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the supreme commander of the Korean People's Army, is a most justifiable self-defensive measure reflecting the unshakable stand and resolution of the entire Korean people and the people's army to defend the sovereignty of the nation and the socialist fatherland from the enemy's aggression.

The "Team Spirit 83" joint military exercises being held by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets, they stressed, are the biggest war rehearsal unprecedented in history in scale and content.

Noting that the U.S. imperialists are leading the situation of our country to the brink of war, desperately trying to find the way out of their serious political and economic crisis in a new war of aggression, they denounced with bitter national resentment the U.S. imperialists criminal acts of aggression.

It is stressed in the resolutions adopted at the meetings that all people, upholding the order of the respected comrade supreme commander, should maintain full combat posture to destroy the enemy any time, closely rallied around the great leader and the glorious party centre, in face of the new war provocation manoeuvres of the enemy, and effect a great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction by intensifying the drive for the creation of "the speed of the 80s" in the spirit to annihilate the enemy.

cso: 4100/118

# RALLY STRESSES MILITANT POSTURE, PRODUCTION INCREASE

[Editorial report] SK130956 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean at 0800 GMT on 12 February carries a 21-minute report on a meeting held at the 15 May plant to "thoroughly take a militant, mobilized posture to meet the requirements of the semi-war state, upholding the order of the respected and beloved supreme commander Comrade Kim Il-song an to bring about a great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction by strengthening the struggle to increase production and to economize on materials."

After the announcer describes slogans posted at the meeting site—such as "let us thoroughly implement the 1 February 1983 order of the respected and beloved supreme commander Comrade Kim Il—song." And "Let us resolutely smash the joint team spirit '83 military exercise of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique"—the radio carries a 9-minute recorded report by plant manager Kim Tong-chol.

Describing the order of the KPA supreme commander as a self-defense action and one reflecting the people's resolve to defend the fatherland, the reporter says, "we demand peace and do not want war. However, we will never allow the enemy to invade our country. If the enemy indiscreetly starts a war, we will rise as one the struggle to defend the people's socialist government, the socialist system and the sacred fatherland." Noting the duty to protect the fatherland's security and the revolutionary gains, the reporter urges party members and workers "to successfully achieve their honorable duty as revolutionary warriors who struggle for the party, the leader, the fatherland and the people by learning from the lofty loyalty and the indomitable revolutionary spirit displayed by the anti-Japanese revolutionary patriots and by the heroic warrior in the fatherland liberation war." He then says, "the unity of our people around the great leader and the glorious party center constitutes a decisive factor guaranteeing all victories."

Urging party members and workers to firmly unite around the leader and the party center and to assume a full combat posture against war maneuvers, the reporter again urges party members and workers "to increase the industrial level, more rapidly producing more modern mining and other equipment needed in (?various sectors) of the people' economy by vigorously accelerating the movement to create the speed of the 1980's."

Calling for effectively carrying out the people's day-to-day affairs, for strengthening the struggle to economize on materials and for achieving unity around the party and leader, the reporter says, "if the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique provoke a new war, trampling underfoot the unanimous desire and love of our people for peace and the fatherland, they will be unable to avoid a irrevocable, annihilating defeat."

Next, in a 4-minute recorded speech, deputy plant manager Yi Mun-hak, noting scale of the team spirit '83 exercise, says, "due to the U.S. imperialists' frantic military maneuvers, the threat of a new war has been created in our fatherland." Describing the team spirit '83 exercise as "a step-by-step expansion of the criminal war maneuvers agianst our republic and aimed at disturbing peace in Korea, at turning our country into a colony and at conquering Asia and the world," the reporter says, "as a result of these maneuvers, a touch-andgo situation has developed in our country to the extent that a war could break out an any moment." Pledging to increase production by implementing the party's policy for press and stamp forging, the reporter says, "we will work and live in the revolutionary manner displayed by the warriors of Nagwon Who, while smashing the subversive maneuvers of the class enemy, guaranteed victory during the grim period of the fatherland liberation war by producing and supplying handgrenades to the frontline with a firm belief that there was nothing that they could not do if they lived in accordance with the great leader's teachings and who, while repelling the maneuvers for the factional elements against the party, pleased the great leader during the difficult postwar period by producing water pumps in accordance the great leader's instructions and party policies."

In a 2-minute report, Chae Chu-sok, member of the worker-peasant red guards, says, "while leading the situation to the brink of war, the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique are frantically running amok to provoke a new war. However, they can never frighten our people who are firmly united around the great leader and the glorious party center." Saying that if the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique light the fuse of war, they will be destroyed in the flames lit by them he pledges "to firmly around the great leader and the glorious party center as a member of the worker-peasant red guards and to prepare as a revolutionary warrior who tenaciously struggles, following only the great leader and the glorious party center, no matter what circumstances he may find."

The announcer notes the adoption of a resolution at the meeting.

CSO: 4110/029

## WORKERS DETERMINE TO OVERFULFILL PRODUCTION QUOTAS

SK150212 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2313 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The feature films "with a single heart" and "pledge of that day" are evoking widespread repercussions upon the working people throughout the country who have risen up on the order of respected comrade supreme commander.

These movies are great masterpieces portraying ten party members of Nakwon energetically pushing ahead with war-time production and postwar rehabilitation and construction, upholding the party's lines and policies.

Choe Myong-chol, director of the Nakwon machine plant, said that the party members and workers of the plant were firmly determined to live and struggle like the heroes of the films.

He declared: We will always carry the intention of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il to a brilliant materialisation by making the whole plant replete with the loyal passion and fighting spirit of the ten party members of Nakwon.

Under the condition of the state of semi-war, we will carry out our revolutionary assignments without fail in the spirit of self-reliance and hard struggle displayed by the heroes of the films when they produced handgrenades with bare hands during the war and thus actively contribute to socialist economic construction and the increase of the might of the country.

An Pyong-kuk, head of the steel shop of the Songjin Steel Works, said: The feature films "with a single heart" and "pledge of that day" impressively tell us that it is our people's inherent revolutionary spirit and traits of struggle to unconditionally accept and carry through to the end the teachings of the great leader and the party's policy with revolutionary creed and indomitable will.

Under the obtaining situation, we will overfulfill daily production quotas without fail. Thus we will uphold the intention of the party to hasten socialist construction till today, even if a war may break out tomorrow, and do ourselves justice in increasing the might of the country in face of the enemy's war provocation manoeuvres.

Mun Myong-sun, vice-director of the agricultural bureau of the agricultural commission, said: We are filled with the determination to fight on staunchly following the great leader and the dear leader, cherishing deep in mind the spirit of the ten party members of Nakwon in the films, their revolutionary creed that would not shake, even if they might die a thousand times.

We will take a thoroughgoing semi-war posture and wage an energetic struggle to achieve once again a big leap in agricultural production this year.

If the U.S. imperialists recklessly provoke a war, we will take a thousand-fold revenge upon the enemy in the spirit and the mettle displayed by the party members of Nakwon during the past war.

Chae Yong-to, secretary of the Songyo District, Pyongyang, party committee, said that the party committee would educate and guide the party members and working people in the district to live and work like the heroes of the films so they might struggle as required by the state of semi-war and become all of them honorable innovators and pioneers in the fulfillment of the national economic plan for this year and the second 7-year plan.

cso: 4100/118

'KCNA' CITES MODERNIZATION OF CARBIDE KILNS IN DPRK PLANT

SK121750 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1549 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)—The 1 February vinalon complex has successfully finished the modernization of its carbide kilns.

In recent years, the complex has built two new ebn carbide kilns and reconditioned all the existing kilns into air-tight ones.

While giving on-the-spot guidance to Hamhung, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song unrolled a far-reaching plan to free workers from backbreaking labour and markedly increase the production of carbide by modernizing the carbide industry.

Upholding the lofty intentions of the great leader, the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il indicated a concrete direction and ways to revamp the kilns into air-tight ones and saw to it that all problems arising in this work were solved.

The workers and the three-revolution team members there vigorously strove to remodel the existing kilns, while stepping up the building of new modern large-scale carbide kilns. As a result, the remodelling of all the carbide kilns of workshop No 1 and the construction of large'scale carbide kilns were successfully finished in a matter of 1 year.

The builders raised the proportion of mechanization and introduced advanced methods in the construction work and thereby rebuilt the carbide kilns of workshop No 2 in a short span of time.

Today all the carbide kilns of the complex have been reconditioned into airtight ones. All the systems from transportation and charging of raw material to its mixture and regulation of electrodes have been automated. The smoke and gas coming out of the production process are collected and used for the production of chemical goods.

With the completion of these projects, the workers at this complex have come to work more pleasantly and the hygienic and cultural environment of Hamhung, an industrial city, has been further improved.

# N.KOREA/ECONOMY

'KCNA' DESCRIBES NEW FILM ON NAKWON MACHINE PLANT

SK141056 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1032 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The Korean film studio recently produced one more successful work "pledge of that day," part 2 of the feature film "with a single heart," which struck our people with deep emotion last year.

Parts 1 and 2 of the feature film "with a single heart" depict the heroic struggle of party members and workers of the Nakwon machine plant who had unconditionally and thoroughly defended and implemented without the slightest deviation the teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the party's instructions in the periods of the past hard-fought fatherland liberation war and the postwar rehabilitation and construction.

Part 1 of the film "With a Single Heart" is based on a story about the cast iron shop of the plant in the period of the fatherland liberation war.

In those days the cast iron shop of the plant is given the task of producing handgrenades for victory in the war.

But there is neither a cupola furnace nor casting material, nor a brick left unbroken in the plant due to the repeated bombings of the U.S. imperialist air pirates. Worse still, malicious sabotages of counter-revolutionary elements who sneaked into the plant become all the more vicious.

The ten party members of the Nakwon machine plant including Chong Sun, the heroine of the film, build a cupola furnace and melt iron to turn out handgrenades in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

When the great leader, shouldering the burdens of the war, calls on them in the midst of the war, Chong Sun earnestly tells him not to be worried too much, saying there will not be a big matter in rehabilitation and construction, if we win victory in the war. She says: We rebuilt in a matter of 2-3 years what was so severely destroyed by the Japanese imperialists when they fled, and led a happy life. So, if the war is over, we will carry out rehabilitation and life well.

Part 2 of the film "Pledge of That Day" impressively depicts the heroic struggle of the party members of the Nakwon machine plant who carry out the task of pro-

ducing a large-sized pump in the period of the postwar rehabilitation and construction, as they pledged to the great leader.

When the question of producing the large-sized pump is raised, they have not a single-purpose machine or a safe bucket for molten iron to speak of.

But informed that the great leader told that the question should be discussed with the party members of the Nakwon machine plant, the workers including heroine Chong Sun undertake this task without hesitation.

Of course they know only too well what a difficult task it is to produce a large-sized pump without any equipment or material and without any experience in the production of such things.

But they strive to produce it with the iron-firm faith that only when they fulfill this task can they implement the line and policy of the Workers' Party of Korea on simultaneously developing the light industry and agriculture while giving priority to the heavy industry and hasten irrigation as well. They think this is precisely to defend the party's line upholding the intentions of the great leader.

Chong Sun goes to the ministry concerned to ask for a few kinds of ministry materials. But, told that the great leader personally allots each ton of steel and each ton of cement, she returns to the plant emptyhanded not to trouble the leader.

Saying the great leader will be very sorry to hear that we, who told him not to worry about rehabilitation and construction, are now shrinking back in face of difficulties and are asking for a help, she unravels knotty problems by finding what they lack and making what they are short of in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance, pooling strength with the masses.

In this way they turn out a large-sized pump while going ahead with the production of tower cranes, to honor their pledge to the great leader.

Although it is hard to imagine, in a common sense, to carry on construction and production under the grim conditions of the war and the postwar period, our party members and working class do not cry for help or depend on others.

The film gives an emotional picture of the high spiritual world of the Korean working class who unconditionally accepts the great leader's teachings and the party's policies and thoroughly implements them in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and hard struggle.

Parts 1 and 2 of the feature film "With a Single Heart" are a heroic epic which convincingly proves the invincible might of a people holding a great leader in high esteem through a broad and profound artistic generalisation of the historical facts associated with the Nakwon machine plant. The film is an excellent work which demonstrates the might of the chuche-oriented film art as an ideological weapon conducive to the revolution and construction.

# N.KOREA/ECONOMY

#### KIM CHONG-IL GUIDANCE IN CONSTRUCTION PRAISED

SK161524 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1507 GMT 16 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--Korean builders have built monumental edifices of eternal value in many parts of the country, adding lustre to the majestic appearance of the country.

The young builders of Taechon are constructing a new power station, excavating a several thousand-ri long waterway and those in Nampo are building a large-scale lock gate, damming off the sea water extending 8 kilometres.

In Pyongyang apartment houses up to 41 storeys are making their appearance on the bank of the Potong River and 20-39 storeyed houses along the street from the Haebangsan crossroads to Pyongyang railway station.

New modern streets are taking shape in Wonsan, Chongjin, Tanchon and other regions.

In the period of the fatherland liberation war, Korea was razed in the true sense of the word by the barbarous bombings of the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialists dropped over 428,700 bombs on Pyongyang, levelling it with the ground.

But the Korean people under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the energetic guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il have built grand monumental edifices everywhere in the country in less than 30 years after the war.

Gigantic metallurgical bases, large-size machine building bases and textile, chemical and building-materials bases have been built in Songnim, Kangson, Chongjin, Taean, Yongsong, Kusong, Hamhung and other places, and Pyongyang and other cities of the country have turned into modern cities.

Thanks to the far-reaching plan of the great leader and the bold and ambitious operations and energetic guidance of the dear leader for its realization, the country has assumed new looks in and after the 1970s.

The Chollima Street, the Nagwon Street and other modern streets have made their adhearance and many monumental edifices such as the Korean Revolution Museum, the victorious fatherland liberation war museum, the Mansudae Art Theatre, the 8 February house of culture, the Pyongyang indoor stadium and the Pyongyang metro have been built in Pyongyang to demonstrate modern architectural art.

In Mt Myohyang the international friendship exhibition, a flawless structure of national style, was so built as to match well with the scenic beauty.

The modern Kumsong tractor plant, a leading one of its kind in the world, was constructed in Taean, comprehensively mechanized and automated large-scale long-distance belt conveyor transport lines in Unyul, Komdok, Haeju and Nampo and the Mirim lock gate on the Taedong River.

Entering the 1980s, the Korean people have built a large number of monumental edifices on the highest level to be handed down through generations.

The Changgwang Street, a communist ideal street, with 20- and 30-storeyed apartment houses lining its broad road stretching from the Potong gate towards Pyongyang railway station, was constructed in less than a year and the Munsu District with multi-storeyed flats standing in good order took shape on the bank of the Taedong River.

The tower of chuche idea, a 170 metre high stone-tower, rose on the bank of the Taedong River and the 60 metre high arch of triumph and the modern Kim Il-song stadium at the foot of Moran Hill.

The grand people's study house with a floor space close to 100,000 square metres came into being in the centre of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, displaying the acme of the chuche-oriented architecture. Symmetric to the tower of chuche idea built on the opposite side of the Taedong River, it decorates the central part of the capital gracefully and magnificently.

The Pyongyang maternity hospital, the Changgwang health complex, the ice rink and the Chongryu Restaurant made their appearance as monumental edifices and fun fairs took shape in Mangyongdae and Mt Taesong.

The monumental edifices of eternal value built in Korea constitute a precious wealth for the happiness of our people and the prosperity of the posterity.

#### MINERS CALLED ON TO PRODUCE WAR RESERVES

[Editorial report] SK100912 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean at 0930 GMT on 7 February carries, a 17-minute report on the 6 February rally of the No 3 pit of the Sinchon colliery held "to thoroughly establish a combat mobilization posture in accordance with the requirements of the semi-war state under the order of the respected and beloved comrade supreme commander and to bring about a great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction through an increase in production and the intensification of the conservation struggle."

In a brief introduction to the rally, announcer cites the following slogans displayed at the rally site: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song," "Long live the glorious KWP!," let us thoroughly fulfill the order that the respected and beloved supreme commander Comrade Kim Il-song issued on 1 February 1983!," "Let us thoroughly establish a semi-war-state posture by upholding the order of the comrade supreme commander!," "Let us firmly crush the team spirit '83 joint military exercise of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique!," "Let us thwart and smash the maneuvers for the U.S.-Japan-South Korean puppet clique triangular military alliance!," and "Let us achieve complete combat readiness to counter the new war provocation maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan fascist military clique!"

The radio continues with a recorded speech by Pak Kun-su, secretary of the sub-primary-level party committee of the No 3 pit of the Sinchon colliery, citing the order for entering into a semi-war state, and saying that they are "filled with the firm determination to repel the enemy at a single stroke at any time if they challenge us, and are accelerating coal production in complete combat readiness."

Saying that "the U.S. imperialists have recently been scheming to perfect the U.S.-Japan-South Korea triangular military alliance system and, relying on this, to light the fuse of a war against the northern half of the republic," the speaker goes on to say that, "because of these war maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists, at present the situation on the Korean Peninsula has been very aggravated and has entered a strained state, the dark clouds of war are moving closer to the northern half of the republic, and thus the danger is drawing nearer hour by hour."

The speaker goes on to add: If, in defiance of our repeated warnings, the enemy ignites a war of aggression against the northern half of our republic, we will instantly rush out to counter them, deal a stern punishment at the

aggressors, and crush and annihilate them so that none of them may return home alive from this soil."

Urging the workers to emulate the indomitable revolutionary spirit of the anti-Japanese guerrillas and the noble fighting spirit of the heroic fighters of the Korean War, the speaker calls for people to devote themselves to the party and the leader. He goes on to say that, "with the spirit and courage with which they ensured wartime production amid the continuing bombardment of the enemy during the fatherland liberation war we must fulfill the 2-month production quota by mid-February, and the production quota for the first half of the year by 15 April, by effecting a great upsurge in coal production."

Saying that "all sectors and units, through an increase in production and the intensification of the conservation struggle, must provide enough war-reserve materials," the speaker says that "we must strengthen the base of our revolution like a rock, thus providing the material foundations for the reunification of the fatherland."

In recorded speeches, other speakers, such as a coal cutting company commander, say that "the hearts of our coal miners are filled with burning hostility against the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique, and are overflowing with the firm determination to defend the great leader and the glorious party center with their lives," and that, "if called on by the party and the leader, we will rush out at any moment and firmly protect and defend the great leader and the glorious party center by smashing the enemy at a single stroke wit the spirit of each being a match for a hundred."

At the end of the report, the announcer says that a letter of pledge was adopted at the rally.

CSO: 4110/029

#### IRON SUPPLY FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE URGED AT RALLY

[Editorial report] SK120118 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean at 0100 GMT on 11 February carries a 20-minute report on the rally of the Kim Chaek iron works held to "thoroughly get ready in a militant, mobilized posture, meeting the demands of a semi-war state under the order of the respected and beloved supreme commander Comrade Kim Il-song, and to enact a great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction by intensifying the struggle for an increase in production and for economization." In a brief introduction to the rally, the announcer, without mentioning the date of the rally, describes the meeting site and cites slogans that urge preparations for a semi-war-state posture.

The radio continues with a recorded report by Yi Kwang-hwan, responsible secretary of the party committee of the iron works.

Citing the order to enter into a semi-war state, the reporter says, "if the U.S. imperialists dare provoke a new war against the northern half of the republic, we—the iron working class of the Kim Chaek Iron Works—will counter them with a single stroke and inflict an annihilating blow on the enemy, thus honorably defending national dignity and sovereignty and certainly achieving the historic cause of the reunification of the fatherland."

Urging all iron fighters to "thoroughly prepare themselves to be mobilized any time by more sincerely participating in the training of the red guards and to display the valiance of a 1-a-match-for-100 if they encounter the enemy," the reporter says, "sending more iron products to the economic and national defense construction sites [Kukpang Konsol Chang] by smoothly carrying out the plan assigned to us this year for the production of iron products, constitutes strengthening the power of the fatherland and inflicting a (?retaliatory) [word indistinct] on the enemy."

The radio goes on to carry a recorded speech by Chu Hak-pong, vice chairman of the Trade Union of the Iron Works. The speaker emphatically vows to "send more iron products to the socialist and national defense construction sites by attaining the February assignments of indexed iron production ahead of schedule and by continuously enacting upsurges."

The radio adds a recorded speech by Pang Chun-sam, chairman of the league of socialist working youths at the iron works. Branding the team spirit '83 military exercises as "meaning to provoke a war," the speaker firmly pledges

to "fight and win victory until the realization of the national desire for the reunification of the fatherland."

The radio goes on to carry a final recorded speech by melter Pak Chan-hyon. Boasting of the matchless growth of the iron industry of the DPRK, the last speaker says, "if only we made up our mind, there would be nothing that we could not produce in our iron works and we could produce iron products as immeasurable as demanded on the battlefronts in order to smash the enemy at a stroke."

At the end of the report, the announcer says that a letter of pledge was adopted at the rally.

CSO: 4110/029

# N.KOREA/ECONOMY

'NODONG SINMUN' ON FERTILIZER PRODUCTION

SK141157 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2216 GMT 13 Feb 83

[NODONG SINMUN 14 February editorial: "Let's Vigorously Accelerate the Production of Chemical Fertilizer and Agricultural Chemicals."]

[Text] Today, when the functionaries and working people of the rural economic sector are making preparations for farming with an attitude of increased alertness and mobilization upon receipt of the respected and beloved supreme commander's order on entering into a semi-war state, the important task of accelerating to the utmost the production of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals is set forth for chemical industry workers.

The great leader Kim Il-song has taught: Chemical fertilizers, agricultural chemicals, and various other chemical products suitable to the characteristics of our country's soil and farm produce, ought to be produced in greater quantity and sent to rural areas.

Producing in greater quantity chemical fertilizer and agricultural chemicals and various other chemical products is a particularly important matter to thoroughly carry through the party's demand on attaining a great upsurge again in this year's agricultural production.

Agricultural production is directly connected with production of chemical fertilizers. Development of the rural economy is unthinkable without increased production of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals. Under the conditions in our country where agricultural production is highly intensified, one of the things holding great potentials for increasing reserves in grain production is the use of plenty of chemical fertilizers.

To produce more chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals and send them to rural areas and use them at proper time and in proper quantities in accordance with the biological characteristics of the soil and the produce, can promote growth of the produce and completely relieve the farmers of weeding work, which is one of the difficult kinds of work for farmers. Increased production of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals is also necessary to guarantee agriculture against the severe cold front. Acceleration of production of chemical fertilizers becomes all the more pressing problem today when the farming season is getting closer each day.

As the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: Rice is communism.

Therefore, our party made an appeal that the grain height should be occupied first of all in realizing the 10 major prospective targets of socialist economic construction. All functionaries and workers in the rural economic sector, upholding the great leader Comrade Kim II-song's new year address, have, since the beginning of this year, prepared well in agriculture to again attain an upsurge in this year's agricultural production.

Before long, sowing, and then the rice planting battle will be conducted in rural areas, and this will require much chemical fertilizer and agricultural chemicals. It, therefore, becomes very important and essential work that the sectors of the chemical industry, the mining sector and the sectors related to fertilizer production accelerate production of various agricultural chemicals and fertilizers such as nitrogen, phosphate and kalium, putting their facilities in full operation. Above all, various chemical means are all the more required to ensure a sufficient supply of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals to meet the increase in arable land resulting from the vigorous campaigns for tideland reclamation and finding new arable land, and to accelerate the rural technical revolution and to thoroughly accelerate Chuche agricultural methods.

In fact, accelerating the production of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals is an important task which we should vigorously push ahead with to secure decisive victory in the struggle to attain the grain height of the second 7-year plan. All functionaries and workers in the sector of producing chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals should vigorously carry on the battle for producing chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals, upholding the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's teaching that fertilizer is rice.

What is most important here is that the functionaries and workers in the sector of producing chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals work militantly work to successfully carry out the tasks entrusted to them in a tense and mobilized posture, meeting the requirements of the situation.

Ours is a heroic people who have broken the haughty nose of the U.S. imperialists, who were boasting of being the world's strongest during the period of the past fatherland liberation war. For our people who have always fought overflowing with confidence in victory and with fighting will, there is nothing they cannot do once they resolve to do it, and even by creating something out of nothing, they have astonished people. When they work in this style, under today's better conditions, there is nothing they cannot do no matter what difficulties may pile up.

All functionaries and workers in the field of producing chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals should obstinately struggle to successfully carry out the task assigned to them in the spirit with which they successfully ensured the task of wartime production and the postwar economic construction during the difficult days during and after the war upholding the party's intention.

In particular, the functionaries and the workers in the domains of chemical and mining industries, deeply conscious that the struggle for producing chemical fertilizers is a worthwhile task to implement the party's far-seeing plan to arrange for our people a more affluent and civilized life, should operate all chemical fertilizer plants at full capacity, meticulously planning the work for managing facilities and ensuring the supply of raw materials. By so doing, they should finish ahead of schedule this year's chemical fertilizer production tasks according to the party's guidance and wishes.

To successfully ensure the production of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals, they should work well in the relevant domains. Only when they make innovations collectively and produce and ensure the timely supply of the needed raw mateirals, resources and machine facilities in the relevant domains can they normalize production and endlessly increase the production of chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals.

All party members and workers involved in the production of chemical fertilizers, militantly accelerating production and construction to meet the requirements of the situation, should guarantee a timely supply of raw materials, resources and machine facilities needed for production of chemical fertilizers.

Especially, the working class of phosphate mines, correctly bearing in mind the meaning phosphate has in the production of phosphorous fertilizer, should accelerate the production to the maximum degree. Along with this, in the machine facilities needed for the production of chemical fertilizers should be accelerated and in the domain of railway transportation, freight hauling and delivery should be carried out on time.

Chemical fertilizers and agricultural chemicals are lawful assignments which should be produced and supplied without fail within the scheduled times. The party organizations and the three-revolution work teams in the domain of chemical fertilizer production and other relevant domains, going deep among the producers and ambitiously conducting political propaganda and economic agitation calling them to labor feats, should have them to endlessly register new records and new standards.

In particular, the party organizations and the three-revolution work teams should correctly organize and guide in order that the producers, with a high sense of responsibility worthy of masters, do a good job in the work for the repair and maintenance of the facilities, strictly keep to the standard manufactory procedures and technical sepcifications in their operations, and highly display the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and arduous struggle. Together with this, the party organizations should correctly guide and support in order for economic guidance functionaries plan economic organizational work and command work for production, as befitting the commanding members of the revolution who responsibly manage the nation's economy.

CSO: 4110/029

#### BRIEFS

NEW PROCESSING MACHINE—Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)—Workers of the Yongsong machine complex who are waging a vigorous increased production drive in a tense and mobilized posture in hearty response to the order of respected Comrade supreme commander, produced a screw compressor rotator processing machine on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the start of the three—revolution team movement. This machine guarantees increased production of compressors and helps toward manufacturing more precise, large—sized, high—speed and automatic machines. The new machine is a combination of oil—pressure lubricating and mechanic methods. Its production capacity is over 1.5 times the oil—pressure lubricating precision machine tool and precision degree is high. In processing material, all parts of this machine are regulated automatically to process it, not affected by its burdens or change of oil temperature. This processing machine was built in 5 months. [Text] [SK111540 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1503 GMT 11 Feb 83]

cso: 4100/118

'KCNA' PRAISES KIM CHONG-IL FILM ART LEADERSHIP

SK112309 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2239 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)—Today Korea is greeting a heyday of Chuche-based film art. Korean film art has developed in our own way, bearing rich fruit suited to the sentiments and desires of the people in the era of revolution, the era of struggle, by thoroughly embodying the Chuche-oriented idea of the Workers' Party of Korea on literature and art and its unique theory on film.

The brilliant achievements made in Korean film art are a furition of the wise leadership and energetic guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

He comprehensively indicated the basic orientation and ways for the building of Chuche-based film art to create and develop film art in our own way in conformity with our people's ideas and aesthetic sentiments and has wisely led the struggle for the solution of this problem.

He advanced, first of all, an outstanding policy of establishing the revolutionary tradition of film art in the era of Chuche and a unique policy of portraying the leader and has energetically guided the work of filmizing immortal classics created and performed in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and the work of producing films depicting the noble traits and the glorious and brilliant revolutionary history of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

He personally grasped work in all fields of film production, such as scenario writing, direction, performance of actors and actresses, photographing, fine art and music and took measures to produce more quickly a larger number of works perfect ideologically and artistically, while directly guiding writers and artists.

He personally gave on-the-spot guidance to the Korean film studio on more than 300 occasions for the production of new films and, in this course, he not only solved all theoretical and practical problems arising in the creation of works but also set a personal example with his meticulous guidance to the film production.

In the course of making a screen version of "Sea of Blood," an immortal classic created and performed in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, he gave teachings on 187 points in the scene, recording and editing.

Korean film is opening a path of Chuche-oriented art suited to the ideological and artistic sentiments of the people by newly developing the content, form and method of cinema art under the guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

In particular, "Sea of Blood," "The Flower Girl," "Fate of a Self-defense Corps Member" and "An Chung-kun Shoots Ito Hirobumi," immortal classics created and performed in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, were successfully cinematised and the historical task to protray the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song on the screen and delineating his glorious and brilliant revolutionary activities and undying feats, his wise leadership and noble communist virtues was brilliantly carried out, with the result that a model of revolutionary film art has been created. At the same time, many works based on various themes such as the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the fatherland liberation war and socialist realities were produced and films of different lengths from ten minute shorts to 24 hour multi-part films were created, and the form of composition and method of description were developed on a new line to conform with the sentiments and emotion of our people.

cso: 4100/118

CHONGNYON ISSUES APPEAL ON '120-DAY MOVEMENT'

SK140502 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0430 GMT 14 Feb 83

[Text] Tokyo, 11 February (KNS-KCNA)--The central standing committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) on 9 February made public an appeal to the entire Chongnyon functionaries and Koreans in Japan.

The appeal titled "Let us all vigorously turn out in the '120-day movement' to oppose the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and greet the 13th Congress of Chongnyon with great success in work" says:

As the U.S. imperialists aggressors and the South Korean puppet clique started the unprecedented-in-scope "team spirit 83" joint military exercises against the northern half of the DPRK with mobilisation of their huge armed forces, the situation of our country has now been brought to an extreme pitch of strain and a war may break out any moment.

In face of such grave siutation, it stresses, the great leader Marshal Kim II-song, supreme commander of the Korean people's army, issued an order proclaiming a semi-war state during the joint military rehearsal of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and, in hearty response to the order, the people in the homeland are now keeping themselves in a full combat posture to repulse any aggressive move of the U.S. imperialists at a stroke.

Calling upon the entire Chongnyon functionaries and Korean residents in Japan to unanimously participate in the "120-day movement" being one in body and spirit with the people in the homeland who are all out to defend at the cost of the their lives the socialist homeland at a moment when the danger of war is befalling it, the appeal pointes in detail to the patriotic tasks to be fulfilled in the period of "120-day movement."

#### BRIEFS

CHONGNYON LAUNCHES SIGNATURE CAMPAIGN-Tokyo, 14 February (KNS-KCNA)-The central standing committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) decided to conduct on a mass basis a "signature campaign opposing the U.S. imperialists' new war provocation manoeuvres and calling for the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces from South Korea" from 16 February to 30 April in connection with the grave, touch-and-go situation prevailing in the homeland due to the foolhardy moves of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys for the provocation of a nuclear war. The signature campaign will be held at a grave juncture when the triangular military alliance of the United States, Japan and South Korea has entered into the stage of actual formation, and as a concrete expression of it, a "nuclear preliminary war," a "nuclear test war," the largest military exercises in history, is going on in South Korea. The signature campaign will be held as part of the important work of the "120-day movement" for opposing the U.S. imperialists' new war provocation manoeuvres and greeting the 13th Congress of Chongnyon with great successes in work. [Text] [SK151032 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1023 GMT 15 Feb 83]

cso: 4100/118

PAK SONG-CHOL, MALIK TOUR

SK131042 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0856 GMT 13 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 13 February (KCNA)—The government delegation of the Republic of Indonesia headed by His Excellency Vice—President Adam Malik on a visit to our country flew to Hamhung on 12 February. It was accompanied by Vice—President Pak Song—chol and his wife and Vice—Minister of Foreign Trade Yi Song—nok.

The delegation was met at the airport by Chairman of the South Hamgyong Provincial People's Committee Kim Hyong-chong, chairman of the South Hamgyong Provincial Rural Economy Committee Pak Kyong-hwan, and other personages concerned. It went first to the 8 February vinalon complex.

His Excellency Vice-President Adam Malik said the inspection made him believe that cloth is produced from stone. He further said: It was a correct measure that President Kim Il-song chose the site of the complex at this place rich in raw materials of vinalon. It is [important] for each country to ensure production with its rich home raw materials. Only then can it be free from any economic pressure of foreign countries. You have a wealth of experience. We believe that this complex will develop further in the future under the wise leadership of His Excellency President Kim Il-song.

Then the delegation went to the Yongsong machine complex.

After making a round of major production processes of the complex His Excellency Vice-President Adam Malik said that newly independent countries can develop their own national industry only when they have such complexes. Korea, he noted, has become a model in developing the national industry and a bright prospect is promised to her as she has such [a] complex.

As President Kim Il-song gave it on-the-spot guidance on many occasions, the complex could make a rapid development and become a model for the whole country. The South Hamgyong Provincial People's Committee arranged a banquet for the delegation.

Present at the banquet were Vice-President Pak Song-chol and madame; Chairman of the South Hamgyong Provincial Rural Economy Committee Pak Kyong-hwan, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade Yi Song-nok, and others. Speaking at the banquet, Chairman of the South Hamgyong Provincial People's Committee Kim Hyong-chong

said that the visit of Vice-President Adam Malik would greatly contribute to tightening the friendly bonds between the peoples of the two countries. Noting that today the Indonesian people, under the leadership of respected President His Excellency Suharto, are successfully fulfilling the third 5-year plan and developing industry and agriculture at fast pace to build an equitable and prosperous society on the basis of "Panchasila" and the constitution of 1945, he said: The Korean people rejoice over all the successes registered by the Indonesian people in the building of a new society as their own and wish the Indonesian people greater success in the future.

South Hamgyong Province, he said, under the wise leadership and meticulous care of the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the glorious party centre, has been converted into a socialist paradise good to live in where both modern industry and agriculture have been developed.

Pointing to the massive "Team Spirit 83" joint military exercises being waged by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets against our republic, he said that owing to this a grave situation in which a war may break out any moment has been created in our country.

The visit of the government delegation of the Republic of Indonesia headed by his excellency vice-president to our province at such time is a great support and encouragement to the entire working people of the province, he said.

Then, Vice-President Adam Malik made a speech. The attendents of the banquet raised toasts to the friendship and unity between the Korean people and the Indonesian people, to the good health and long life of the great leader of our people Comrade Kim Il-song, to the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and to the good health and long life of respected President His Excellency Suharto.

# N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

#### KIM IL-SONG GREETS IRANIAN PRESIDENT

SK101642 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1539 GMT 10 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 10 February (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il—song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings on 10 February to Seyyed Ali Khamenei, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran, on the occasion of the 4th anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution in Iran.

The message reads: I warmly congratulate your excellency, the government of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iranian people on the 4th anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution in Iran on behalf of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own.

The Iranian people have opened up a wide avenue for the building of a new society by achieving the victory of the Islamic Revolution under the leadership of his excellency their esteemed leader Ayatobinulian Khomeini.

After the victory of the revolution the Iranian people have vigorously struggled to build an independent and prosperous, new Iran, bravely repulsing the threat of aggression, subversive acts and sabotage by the imperialists.

The Korean people heartily rejoice over the successes scored by the Iranian people in their struggle to defend the gains of the revolution against all manner of domination and subordination and create a new life.

The Korean and Iranian peoples have formed ties of firm friendship in the common struggle for independence against imperialism.

Believing that the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two peoples will strengthen and develop day by day, I sincerely wish your excellency president and your people greater success in the future struggle for the country's independent development.

cso: 4100/118

## N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

HAMHUNG, CITY OF KOREA-CHINA FRIENDSHIP

SK111106 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1030 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--Hamhung, an industrial city of Korea, is widely known as a city of Korea-China friendship.

There stand in Hamhung a statute of Comrade Zhou Enlai and a monument to his memory.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and Comrade Zhou Enlai respected by the Chinese people visited Hamhung in February 1958.

Upon arriving in Hamhung Comrade Zhou Enlai made a speech before the workers of Hungnam who presented a flower garden of Korea-China friendship.

Our people and the workers in Hamhung who greatly value Korea-China friendship sealed in blood amid the flames of the anti-imperialist common struggle erected the statue of Comrade Zhou Enlai and the monument to his memory in May 1979 in the compound of the Hungnam fertilizer complex where he had left marks of Korea-China friendship in his lifetime between the two peoples, which will be conveyed down through generations.

Comrades Deng Xiaoping, Zhao Ziyang and Deng Yingchao and many other cadres and delegations of the Chinese people visited Hamhung and had significant meetings with Hamhung citizens.

Relations of friendly cities were established between Hamhung and Shanghai in June 1982.

Hamhung, a city of Korea-China friendship, has developed into a chuche-based industrial city of our country under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The great leader called on the workers of Hamhung on 16 April 1946, and unfurled a grand blueprint of a powerful independent national industry, saying that Korea was liberated for ever and thus we should build a rich and strong independent sovereign state.

Through his on-the-spot guidance to the city on more than 70 occasions thereafter, he has turned it into a reliable industrial district displaying the might of the chuche-based industry.

Today the city has diversely developed industries, chemical, machine-building, building materials, metal, textile and foodstuff industries.

Particularly, the 8 February vinalon complex, the Hungnam fertilizer complex and the Ryongsong machine complex are making a big contribution to the development of chemical and machine-building industries and agriculture of the country.

Today the Hamhung workers are effecting a great revolutionary upsurge in production in the spirit and mettle with which they smashed the U.S. imperialists, jointly with the Chinese people's volunteers, in the period of the fatherland liberation war, while keeping themselves in full combat preparedness to wipe out at one sweep the U.S. imperialists aggressors who are hell bent on the new war provocation manoeuvres.

## N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

PAK SONG-CHOL ATTENDS IRANIAN ENVOY'S RECEPTION

SK110603 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0401 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--Iranian ambassador to Korea A. Nahavandian hosted a reception at the people's palace of culture on 10 February on the occasion of the fourth anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution in Iran.

Invited to the reception were Vice-President PAK Song-chol, Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae, chairman of the standing committee of the supreme people's assembly Hwang Chang-yop, and Yi Yong-ik, Chong Song-nam, Pak Chung-kuk, Yu Yong-kol, Kim Hyong-u, O Mun-han and other personages concerned.

Diplomatic envoys of various countries in Pyongyang were also invited.

Ambassador A. Nahavandian spoke first at the reception.

He said that the Iranian people have achieved great successes in the home affairs over the last 4 years since the victory of the Islamic Revolution, smashing all the manoeuvres of the U.S.-led imperialists and powerful forces.

Turning to the foreign policy of the Islamic Republic of Iran, he noted that Iran pursues a foreign policy of opposing the tendencies of accepting any domination, defending the complete independence and territorial integrity of the country and the rights of all Islamites and basing itself on the principles of non-alignment and peaceful relations among non-bellicose nations.

The friendly relations between the Islamic Republic of Iran and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea are expanding with each passing day because of the common view and action in the struggle for defending independence and agianst aggression and domination and the two countries are cooperating with each other in wiping out the imperialists in the world, he noted, and declared:

The Iranian people support the Korean people's struggle for national reunification and bitterly denounce all forms of influence and intervention of foreign military forces, the obstacle to Korea's reunification.

Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae spoke next.

Four years ago, he said, the Iranian people won victory of the revolution and founded the Islamic Republic of Iran. This was a historical event which threw a light on the Iranian people who had been wandering in darkness and opened a broad avenue for the building of a new life.

The Iranian people, he stressed, achieved many successes in the struggle for defending the independence and security of the country and building an independent new society during the last 4 years, repulsing the U.S. imperialists wanton interference and aggressive acts and pursuing an independent foreign policy.

Our people sincerely rejoice over all the achievements made by the Iranian people as over their own and heartily wish your people greater successes in their future struggle for safeguarding the sovereignty of the country and building a new prosperous Iran, he said, and went on:

The Korean people will, in the future, too, actively struggle together with the Iranian people to build a new world, independent and peaceful, smashing the imperialists' manoeuvres of aggression and war.

The attendants at the reception which proceeded in a friendly atmosphere wished good health and a long life to the great leader of our people Comrade Kim Il-song and to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and good health and a long life to His Excellency Ayatollah Imam Khomeiny, the Islamic leader of Iran, and to His Excellency Seyyed 'Ali Khamene'i, president of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

cso: 4100/118

#### BRIEFS

JOURNALISTS DELEGATION—Pyongyang, 3 February—The delegation of the Korean Journalists Union headed by chairman of its Central Committee and editor—in—chief of NODONG SINMUN Kim Ki—nam returned homeon 2 February by air after attending the meeting of the presidium of the International Organisation of Journalists Union was held in Angola. It was met at the airport by chairman of the DPRK radio and television broadcasting committee Yi Yong—ik, general director of the Korean Central News Agency Chu Hyon—ok, first deputy editor—in—chief of NODONG SINMUN Chong Ha—chon and vice—chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Journalists Union Yun Kyong—taek. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2208 GMT 3 Feb 83 SK]

MOVIEMEN DELEGATION BALK--Pyongyang, 5 February--The Korean moviemen's delegation returned homeon 4 February after visiting the Soviet Union. [Text] [SKO80710 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0356 GMT 5 Feb 83]

PALESTINIAN CONGRESS DELEGATION—Pyongyang, 10 February (KCNA)—A delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Kang Sok—sung, member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and director of the party history institute, left Pyongyang on 9 February by plane to attend the 16th Congress of the Palestine National Council. It was seen off at the airport by Kim II—tae, director of a department, and Yi Hwa—son, vice—director of a department, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and Yusef Hassan Mohammad Ayesh, acting chief of the PLO mission in Pyongyang. [Text] [SK100444 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2158 GMT 9 Feb 83]

DPRK ENVOY TO BENIN--Pyongyang, 11 February--Kim Song-hwan was appointed as Korean ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the People's Republic of Benin, according to a decree of the Central People's Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2213 GMT 11 Feb 83]

SOVIET AVIATION COMPANY DELEGATION—Pyongyang, 8 February—A delegation of the USSR Aviation Company headed by Yuri Nikolayevich Demidov arrived in Pyongyang by plane of 7 February. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 8 Feb 83]

DPRK FOREIGN MINISTRY DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 10 February--A Korean Foreign Ministry delegation left Pyongyang on 9 February for a visit to Mongolia. The

delegation of the patent administration of China headed by its director Huang Kunyi left for home on the same day. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2205 GMT 10 Feb 83]

MONGOLIAN REPRESENTATIVE—Pyongyang, 11 February—A representative of Mongolia arrived in Pyongyang on 10 February by plane to attend the conference of international department directors of physical culture and sports guidance organisations of socialist countries schedules in our country. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 11 Feb 83]

CHONGNYON DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 13 February--A Chongyon functionaries delegation headed by Son Chong-to, chairman of the central auditing committee of Chongnyon, and the 104th home-visiting group of Koreans in Japan headed by Yi Yong-kuk, chairman of the educational association of the Santama first Korean primary and middle school, arrived in Pyongyang on 12 February for a visit to the socialist homeland. The delegation of the Soviet Aviation Company headed by Yuri Nikolavevich Demidov left for home on the same day. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 13 Feb 83]

FOREIGN DELEGATIONS ARRIVE—Pyongyang, 8 February—Delegations of the Soviet Union, the German Democratic Republic, Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary, Viet Nam, Czechoslovakia, Cuba and Poland arrived here on 7 February by plane to attend a conference of international department directors of the physical culture and sports guidance organisations of the socialist countries schedules in our country. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2205 GMT 7 Feb 82]

LCY WORKERS DELEGATION—Pyongyang, 9 February—The delegation of workers of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia headed by Slvojka Jankovic, member of the Central Committee of the LCY and president of the commission of international relations of the presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Bosnia—Herzegovina, left for home on 8 February by plane. It was seen off at the airport by vice—director of a department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea Kil Chae—kyong and personages concerned and Ambassador Ljupco Tavciovski and an official of the Yugoslav Embassy in Pyongyang. While staying in Korea, the delegation visited Mangyongdae and went round various places of Pyongyang and local areas. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 8 Feb 83]

NORWEGIAN TRADE UNIONS DELEGATION—Pyongyang, 9 February—A delegation of the Norwegian federation of trade unions headed by its vice—chairman Leif Haraldseth arrived in Pyongyang on 8 February. It was met at the airport by vice—chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea Chong—hak. The Central Committee of the GFTUK hosted a reception for the delegation at the people's palace of culture in the evening. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2209 GMT 8 Feb 83] Pyongyang, 11 February—Hwang Chang—hyop, chairman of the standing committee of the supreme people's assembly, on 10 February met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Norwegian Federation of Trade Unions headed by its Vice—chairman Leif Haraldseth. Chong—hak, vice—chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, was on hand. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0333 GMT 11 Feb 83]

TOGOLESE PRESIDENT MEETING--Pyongyang, 14 February-Togolese President Gnassingbe Eyadema on 9 February met Kim Hyang-san, Korean ambassador to Togo, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his warm greetings to the great leader. He said that the Togolese Government and people and himself wholeheartedly wished good health and a long life to his excellency President Kim Il-song, the great leader. Referring to the question of Korean reunification, he stressed that the Togolese Government firmly supported at all times the stand of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea alone. The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK140534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 14 Feb 83]

KOREAN SITUATION NOTED—Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)—The people's revolutionary government of Grenada made public a statement on 8 February in connection with the tension prevailing in our country, according to a report. The statement says: The people's revolutionary government of Grenada vehemently denounces the recent grave manoeuvres of the war-thirsty imperialists endangering peace and security in the Korean Peninsula. This aggressive military action in the Korean Peninsula is a foolish move of the imperialists to obstruct the just desire of the valiant and militant Korean people for national reunification and peace. Scathingly denouncing the manoeuvres of the imperialists, the people's revolutionary government of Grenada reaffirms its firm support to the just cause of the Korean people struggling against all forms of foreign interference and for an independent and peaceful solution of all the difficulties.

[Text] [SK140357 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0339 GMT 14 Feb 83]

VIEWS PERFORMANCE--Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--The government delegation of the Republic of Indonesia appreciated the music and dance performance of artists in Pyongyang on the evening of 11 February at the Pyongyang grand theatre. Invited to see the performance were His Excellency Vice-President Adam Malik, head of the delegation, and madame, the members of the delegation, and R. Junjunan Kusumaharja and officials of the Indonesian Embassy in Pyongyang. Vice-President Pak Song-chol and madame, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Chon In-chol, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade Yi Song-nok, as well as working people in the city saw the performance with the guests. The colorful program included Korean and Indonesian songs and dances. The performance was acclaimed by the guests and the audience. After the performance, His Excellency Vice-President Adam Malik, in company with Vice-President Pak Song-chol, stepped on to the stage, presented a basket of flowers to the performers in congratulation of their successful performance and posed for a photograph with them. The Indonesian Government delegation inspected the grand people's study house on the same day. After the inspection, Vice-President Adam Malik said that the study house built in a short time is a very wonderful seat of learning. Enjoying a bird'seye view of Pyongyang on the reviewing stand; he said he knew well that the Munsu Street also had been splendidly constructed in a short period under the wise guidance of Mr Kim Chong-il. Some members of the delegation went round the Changgwang health complex and the ice rink. [Text] [SK120534 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 12 Feb 83]

GUESTS ACCOMPANIED ON TOUR--Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--The government delegation of the Republic of Indonesia headed by His Excellency Vice-President Adam Malik on an official visit to our country was shown round the Korean film

studio on 13 February. The guests went round the outdoor location street, indoor shooting ground, recording room and others. Noting that the film studio has played a big role in embodying the chuche idea, the vice-president expressed the hope that the film studio will produce more films on the theme of the people's desires and national reunification on the basis of the chuche idea founded by His Excellency respected President Kim Il-song. the question of the reunification of Korea divided into North and South is one to be settled by the Korean people themselves, the vice-president stated: We will, in the future, too, actively support the Korean people's cause of reunification. We will further develop the excellent friendly relations existing between the Korean and Indonesian peoples, he stressed. The delegation also inspected the Pyongyang metro. The delegation was accompanied by Vice-President Pak Song-chol, vice-minister of foreign affairs Chon In-chol and Vice-Minister of External Economic Affairs Yi Yong-un. Yesterday some members of the delegation visited the Academy of Agricultural Sciences. In the evening the delegation appreciated a circus performance. [Text] [SK141133 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1110 GMT 14 Feb 83]

KIM IL-SONG THANKED--Pyongyang, 15 February (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song received a message of thanks sent by Adam Malik, vice-president of the Republic of Indonesia, upon leaving our country on 14 February. The message reads: Respected you excellency, upon concluding my unforgettable visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, a beautiful country, I express deep thanks to your excellency and the government and people of the DPRK for the warm welcome and kind hospitality accorded me, my wife and the members of the delegation during this period. The visit served as a very good opportunity in exchanging views with your excellency. Our talks are very precious because they reiterated a unanimous view on many problems and contributed to the development of relations between our two countries. Availing myself of this opportunity, I wish your excellency a long life in good health and happiness and the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea prosperity and development on my own behalf and on behalf of my wife and the members of the delegation. [Text] [SK150340 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0329 GMT 15 Feb 83]

REPLY FROM CASTRO—Pyongyang, 13 February (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il—song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Comrade Fidel Castro Ruz, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Cuba, president of the Council of State and president of the council of ministers of the Republic of Cuba, in reply to his message of greetings to the latter on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of the victory of the Cuban Revolution. The reply message dated 5 February reads: I, in the name of the Communist Party of Cuba, the government of the Republic of Cuba and the Cuban people, express thanks to you for your message on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of the victory of the Cuban Revolution. [Text] [SK130838 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0831 GMT 13 Feb 83]

IRANIAN PRIME MINISTER GREETED--Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--Comrade Yi Chong-ok, premier of the administration council, sent a message of greetings to Seyyed Mir-hoseyn Musavi-khamene'i, prime minister of the Islamic Republic of Iran, on the occasion of the 4th anniversary of the victory of Islamic

Revolution in Iran. The message expressed the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of the two countries forged in the struggle against imperialism and for independence will grow in scope and develop in all fields. Meanwhile, Foreign Minister Ho Tam sent a message of greetings to 'Ali Akbar Velayati, foreign minister of Iran. [Text] [SK110542 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 11 Feb 83]

JAPAN SOCIALIST PARTY--Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim II-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a message of condolence on 10 February to Ichio Asukata, chairman of the central executive committee of the Japan Socialist Party, upon the death of Takeshi Hirabayashi, secretary general of the Japan Socialist Party. The message reads: I heard sorrowful news of the death of Mr Takeshi Hirabayashi, secretary general of the Japan Socialist Party. Mr Takeshi Hirabayashi had waged an energetic struggle for the development of your party and for Japan's peace, democracy and neutrality and conducted many activities in support of our people's cause of reunification. I offer deep condolences to the central executive committee of your party and the family of the deceased. [Text] [SK111615 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1536 GMT 11 Feb 83]

GIFT TO PAKISTAN PRESIDENT—Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il—song sent gift to Mohammad Ziaul Haq, president of Pakistan. Korean ambassador to Pakistan Yu Song—chin conveyed on 6 February cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song and his gift film "the visit of His Excellency Mohammad Ziaul Haq, president of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, to our country" to the Pakistani president, according to a report. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his warm greetings to the great leader. He wholeheartedly wished the great leader Comrade Kim Il—song good health and a long life. The talk took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK120525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2200 GMT 12 Feb 83]

KOREA-PAKISTAN TRADE--Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--An agreement on trade and payments between the governments of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and a protocol of the first meeting of the inter-governmental joint economic committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Islamic Republic of Pakistan were signed in Islamabad on 6 February, according to a report. The agreement and protocol were signed by Minister of Foreign Trade Choe Chong-kun, head of the government economic delegation of our country, and Minister of Finance Ghulam Ishaq Khan, head of the Pakistani Government economic delegation. Present at the signing ceremony were the members of the delegations of the two countries and Korean ambassador to Pakistan Yu Song-chin. [Text] [SK120528 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2202 GMT 12 Feb 83]

N. KOREAN AMBASSADOR MET--Pyongyang, 13 February (KCNA)--Kenneth David Kaunda, president of Zambia, on 3 February met Korean ambassador to Zambia Chae Hwa-sop, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards and a personal letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his fraternal greetings to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. Noting that the entire

Korean people were compelled to rise up in a struggle in face of the enemy's war exercises, he declared: We fully support the stand of Korea in every respect and call for the peaceful reunification of Korea. We are convinced that Korea will certainly be reunified. Korea must be reunified in a peaceful way as declared by the great president. The talk took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK130846 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0839 GMT 13 Feb 83]

PRIME MINISTER MEETS DPRK DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 14 February (KCNA)--Anerood Jugnauth, prime minister of Mauritius, recently met the delegation of Foreign Ministry of our country headed by its Vice-Minister Kim Chae-pong, according to a report. The head of the delegation conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim II-song to the prime minister. The prime minister expressed deep thanks for this and wholeheartedly wished good health and a long life to the great leader. Noting that he is worried about the division of Korea, the prime minister said: the reunification of Korea should be realized independently, peacefully and without any foreign interference. He expressed satisfaction with the favourable development of relations between Mauritius and Korea. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [SK140354 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 14 Feb 83]

REPLY FROM CSSR PRESIDENT—Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim I1—song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Comrade Gustav Husak, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party and president of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the occasion of his 70th birthday. The reply message dated 17 January reads: Respected Comrade Kim I1—song. I express sincere thanks to you for your warm greetings and congratulations on my 70th birthday. Respected Comrade Kim I1—song, in reciprocation I wish you good health and happiness as well as many successes in your responsible work for building socialist society and peacefully reunifying Korea. I express the belief that the traditional relations of friendship and cooperation between Czechoslovakia and Korea will successfully develop as ever on the principles of Marxism—Leninism and socialist internationalism.

[Text] [SK160432 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 15 Feb 83]

FOREIGN MINISTRY DELEGATION RECEIVED--Pyongyang, 16 February (KCNA)--Zimbabwean President Canaan Banana on 10 February met the delegation of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of our country headed by its Vice-Minister Kim Chae-pong, according to a report. The head of the delegation conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for this and sincerely wished the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song good health and a long life. Expressing satisfaction with the daily strengthening of the friendly and cooperative relations between Korea and Zimbabwe, he stressed that no force on earth could break this solid friendship. The Zimbabwean Government and people unconditionally and actively support the great comrade President Kim Il-song's proposal for founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo and resolutely oppose any outside interference, he declared. He stated that they would invariably support the Korean people in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and always stand firm on their side. The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmos-[Text] [SK161352 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1009 GMT 16 Feb 83]

'NODONG SINMUN' DENOUNCES U.S. AID TO ISRAEL

SK111020 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1002 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)—NODONG SINMUN today in a commentary notes that the U.S. Government's recent decision to give a large amount of military aid to Israel again in the fiscal 1984 is aimed to keep and expand their sphere of influence over the Middle East area without much difficulty through the Israeli brigands who are getting frantic with their new war provocation manoeuvres.

The author of the commentary says:

The U.S. imperialists proclaimed the oil-rich Middle East a "sphere of vital interest" and are using the Israeli aggressors as a shock force in dominating and controlling the countries in this region.

The Israeli Zionists with the zealous encouragement and backing of the U.S. imperialists, unleashed several Middle East wars to occupy broad areas of the Arab territory and are now trying to annex them for good.

Far from withdrawing from the Lebanese soil they occupied, they are hastening preparations to invade Syria and other neighbouring Arab countries with it as a bridgehead. A dangerous situation which may cuase the second Lebanese incident has now been created in the Middle East region due to the war moves of the Israeli brigands. Blame for this is to be ascribed entirely to the U.S. imperialists who are zealously encouraging Israel.

In deciding to give huge military aid to Israel in the next fiscal year the U.S. imperialists committed an unpardonable criminal act supplying the Zionists with more death-carrying weapons to egg them on to war provocation.

The U.S. imperialists must stop supporting the Israeli aggressors militarily and encouraging them to the provocation of war and take hands off the Middle East area.

# DAILY CRITICIZES NAKASONE'S REMARKS AT DIET

SK100526 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0417 GMT 10 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 10 February (KCNA)—Answering the interpellation of opposition Dietmen a few days ago, Nakasone prattled that it is permissible under the Japanese constitution for the Japanese "self-defence forces" to escort U.S. warships "in the event of a contingency."

NODONG SINMUN today, commenting on this, remarks that this betrayed the dangerous intention of the Japanese militarists to expand the scope of the area of Japan's military operations indefinitely and conduct joint operations with the U.S. forces in an area far off Japan. The author of the commentary says:

Nakasone's answers at the Diet are nothing but a compliance with the demand of the master across the ocean that Japan, as a junior ally of the U.S. imperialists, assume part of the U.S. military role in the Asian-Pacific region.

It is also connected with this that these days the Japanese Government and military authorities are zealously arguing about the "blockade of the Korean Strait," conversion of Japan into an "unsinkable aircraft carrier" and "defence of sea routes up to 1,000 miles from Japan."

The first target of Japan's military action is Korea. The U.S. imperialists plan to let the Japanese naval "self-defence force" participate together with the South Korean puppet navy in the projected war exercises of the U.S. aircraft carrier Task Force in the East Sea of Korea and the northwest Pacific. Announcing this plan of the United States, the U.S. undersecretary of defence gave an intimation that negotiations have already started between the authorities about the U.S.-Japan-South Korea tripartite military operations in "case of emergency" in the Korean Peninsula.

Nakasone's talk about "escorting U.S. warships" proves once again that Japan intends to play a big part in new war of aggression in Korea by deeply involving herself in the U.S. imperialists' war strategy.

We cannot but direct attention to the fact that underlining this jargon is the wild ambition of the Japanese militarists to pave a road for the overseas dispatch of the Japanese "self-defence forces" by availing themselves of the

 $\hbox{\tt U.S.}$  imperialists' Asian strategy and realise the old dream of "greater east Asia co-prosperity sphere" by force of arms.

All these moves of Japan bear witness to the fact that the Japanese militarists with the backing of the U.S. imperialists are openly seeking overseas military aggression.

If Japan, bound to the war chariot of the U.S. imperialists, follow the road of aggression, this will lead her to destruction.

## N.KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

'NODONG SINMUN' MARKS IRANIAN ANNIVERSARY

SK111357 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1043 GMT 11 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 11 February (KCNA)--Papers here today dedicate articles to the fourth anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution in Iran.

An article of NODONG SINMUN says that on this anniversary the Korean people express fervent congratulations to and firm solidarity with the friendly Iranian people.

The author of the article says:

The victory of the Islamic Revolution in Iran on 11 February 1979. Greatly encouraged the peoples of various countries of the world in the struggle against all manner of domination and tyranny and for national independence, sovereignty and liberation.

This victory showed that only through their united struggle the oppressed peoples can liberate themselves and fascist dictators betraying the people are bound to meet their doom.

Over the past 4 years the Iranian people under the leadership of His Excellency Ayatollah Imam Khomeini, the Islamic leader, have consolidated and developed the victory of the revolution, smashing the U.S.-led imperialist aggressive forces' threats, interventionist and subversive manoeuvres.

The Iranian Government and people are struggling to defend their country's sovereignty and national dignity and pursuing an independent foreign policy based on the principles of non-alignment.

Our people hail the successes made by the Iranian people in the struggle for building a new society.

As Asian countries and member nations of the non-aligned movement, Korea and Iran are waging a joint struggle to build a new Asia, independent and prosperous. For this commonness the two peoples are closely supporting and cooperating with each other and constantly developing the friendly and cooperative relations between them.

Our people will in the future, too, as in the past, make positive efforts to strengthen and develop and friendly and cooperative relations with the Iranian people.

The Korean people wish the Iranian people greater success in their struggle for defending the gains of the revolution and building a developing and thriving, new society.

# IRANIAN AMBASSADOR HOLDS PRESS CONFERENCE

SK121020 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0808 GMT 12 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 12 February (KCNA)--Iranian ambassador to Korea A. Nahavandian called a press conference at his embassy on 11 February on the occasion of the fourth anniversary of the victory of the Islamic Revolution in Iran.

Present at the press conference were newspaper, news agency and radio reporters in Pyongyang.

Ambassador A. Nahavandian made a speech.

Noting that over the last 4 years the Iranian people smashed the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and made a big progress in their efforts for an independent new life, he said that the targets of the 5 year plan and the 20 year plan are to build an independent economy by developing all the fields including industry and agriculture by their own efforts and resources.

After the victory of the Islamic Revolution, he said, Iran severed her relations with the U.S. imperialists, Israel, South Africa and other reactionary countries and is developing relations with independent fraternal countries. We are further developing friendly and cooperative relations particularly with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea led by the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

He pointed out that the "team spirit 83" military exercises started by the U.S. imperialists in South Korea are designed for aggression on Korea and other countries in this region.

Stressing that struggling against the U.S. imperialist aggression manoeuvres is a self-defensive measure and a duty of all the peoples, he said that, if a war is forced by imperialists, we must knock down the enemy to the last man.

## N.KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

'NODONG SINMUN' ON BUDAPEST LIBERATION ANNIVERSARY

SK131032 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0918 GMT 13 Feb 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 13 February (KCNA)—Dailies here today dedicate articles to the 38th anniversary of the liberation of Budapest.

In an article "38th Anniversary of Liberation of Budapest" NODONG SINMUN says that the Korean people extend warm felicitations to the fraternal Hungarian people on this day.

The article says:

The liberation of Budapest on 13 February 1945, gave a great inspiration to the Hungarian people in their struggle against fascism and for liberation and powerfully roused them to a final victory.

During the Second World War, the Budapest citizens rose up in a sacred battle with rifles in their hands against the fascist occupationists. At last, they liberated Budapest from the occupation of the Hitlerite fascist Germany on 13 February 1945.

The whole country of Hungary was liberated on 4 April that year.

After the liberation the Hungarian people under the leadership of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party have completely changed the looks of the country by accelerating socialist construction, courageously pushing aside the subversive activities and sabotage of the class enemies within and without.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice over all the successes made by the Hungarian people in socialist construction and wholeheartedly wish them great successes in their future struggle for the prosperity and development of the country.

Minju Choson says that the liberation of Budapest and the country was an historic event which opened a broad road for the Hungarian people to build a new life.

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